THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Port Almanac—August 7.

Sun Rises	5.11 A M
Sun Sets	7.00 P M
Day's Length	13 h 49 m
High Water at Southport	8.38 P M
High Water at Wilmington	10.35 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N C., August 7.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p. m., 80°; maximum, 87°; minimum, 71°; mean 79°.

Rainfall for the day, .T; rainfall for the month up to date, 2.80.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Fair in western; showers in eastern portions; probably slightly warmer in the interior; southwesterly to westerly winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

There was 3.02 inches of rain yesterday at Florence, S. C., and 2.00 inches at Griffin, Ga. The maximum temperature at the Wilmington station was 87°; at Charlotte, Raleigh, Lumberton and Newbern, 88; at Greensboro and Weldon 90; at Goldsboro 92.

OUTLINES

By the collision of trains on Haw river bridge two persons were injured, one fatally. ——The State Department has received a dispatch from Consul-General Jernigan reporting further missionary outrages in China; at Kucheng the houses of the missionaries were surrounded and the sleeping women and children speared to death. —— The cruiser Cincinnati will be sent to Key West to search for filibusters. —— Southern traffic lines have agreed to stop cutting rates and will maintain the tariff of last year. —— Silver Dollar Bland was made permanent chairman of the Missouri Democratic State Convention; the platform adopted declares for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. —— Treasury officials look for a withdrawal of $2,500,000 of gold this week. —— Delegates are gathering to the Iowa Democratic State Convention; it is thought that the financial policy of the Democratic party in that State can only be determined by an open and bitter fight in the Convention. —— The Chicago Grain and Provision Markets. —— Cotton Spots and Futures Market. Record of the base ball games played yesterday. ——Pat Raedy knocked out in less than a minute by Billy McMillan. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 per cent. and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton firm—middling gulf 7 7-16c; middling uplands 7 3-16c; Southern flour dull and weak—common to fair extra $2.10@2.90; good to choice $3.00@3.65; wheat quiet and firm at ½c higher; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 73½c; afloat 74½@74¾c; corn more active for exports, at ½@⅝c lower; No. 2 red 46½c at elevator; afloat 47½@47¾c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27@27½c; rosin dull and easy; strained common to good $1.50@1.57½.

A Louisville court has fined some milkmen from $25 to $50 for putting water in their milk. The average Kentuckian will not stand any foolishness with water.

An English hat merchant says his trade is an index of the times. When there is a brisk demand for new hats it is a sure sign of business prosperity. It is a sure sign of prosperity for him, anyway.

Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, in a speech to some Kansas veterans the other day, came out squarely for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, but he still persists in parting his hair in the middle.

An English hat man is quoted as saying that he always regards a man as well dressed if he wears a good hat and a good pair of shoes. This remark is broad enough to cover the Georgia uniform.

The "sound money" leaders of Kentucky seem to be devoting their energies to defeating Joe Blackburn for the Senate, and our impression is that they have taken a pretty large-sized contract.

The goldites of Ohio are very much shocked by a decision of the Supreme Court of that State which declares that municipal corporations have no right to issue bonds payable in gold. That has the right jingle.

A goldite organ taunts silver men of the West for going to Wall Street to borrow money when they need it. Nothing strange about that. As Wall Street monopolizes the money that's about the only place they can get it.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 113. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,820

The United States war-ship Columbia, on her trip from Southampton to New York, a distance of 3,150 miles made the shortest time across ever made by any war-ship, and the longest continuous high speed run on record. She made the trip in a few minutes under seven days, making an average speed of 18 knots an hour, with occasional spurts of 20 knots, and this without any effort to force her. Her boys can sing "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," with a vim if they want to.

Georgia is supposed to be a fairly prosperous State. It is one of the most progressive of the Southern States, and keeps well up in the industrial march, and yet the assessments of property last year show a depreciation in values of $25,000,000. The returns of this year indicate a falling off of $30,000,000. How is this to be accounted for, in a State that shows no lack of energy, with fair resources, and where property ought to increase in value instead of depreciating?

By the decree of divorce Mrs. Corbett gets $5,200 a year alimony out of gentleman Jeems, unless she marry again, in which event the alimony will cease. It is also provided that the amount may be decreased if business gets bad with Jim and his income becomes materially reduced.

The report that a number of rich men had come to the rescue of Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague and raised $50,000 to pay off the mortgage on her home near Washington and provide for her is contradicted. The mortgage was foreclosed the other day by the trust that held it and she had to seek another shelter.

A St. Louis man has invented an electric buggy, which scuds along the paved streets at the rate of fifteen miles an hour. The motor is underneath.

A contemporary rises to ask, "when is a prize fight not a prize fight?" When it is not "pulled off?" and the artists maul each other with their jaws.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—Orient Lodge.
C. C. BROWN—Ninth series.
W. E. WORTH & CO.—Cheap ice.
J. W. HARPER—Beach and Southport.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

W. M. CUMMING—Stock for sale.
CORBETT & GORE—Horse wanted.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. C. C. Lyons, of Elizabethtown, is in the city on business.

— Mr. J. M. Bethea and Mr. J. W. Leach, of Mullins, S. C., are in the city.

— Master Clem. Wescott returned last night from a visit to friends in Bladen county.

— Messrs. Lee Smith and D. M. Currie, of Bladen county, are in the city on a short visit.

— Mr. Ernest Nadal, who has been visiting relatives here, returned home yesterday.

— Dr. W. C. Galloway left for Pollocksville, Jones Co., yesterday, in response to a professional call.

— Ensign W. F. Robertson came up from the *Nantucket* last evening. He will return to-morrow morning.

— Mr. P. H. Walsh has returned from Florence with his family, and is now permanently settled in Wilmington.

— Messrs. F. B. Rice, John R. Melton and J. W. Meacham left yesterday to attend the Pop. "Pic-nic" at Clinton.

— Messrs, J. W. Fry and H. L. Fry, of Greensboro, officials of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R, are in the city on a business visit.

— Dr. E. Porter, President of the Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association, was here yesterday to attend a meeting of the stockholders.

— Mr. Thos. L. Pritchard, of Charlotte, is here on a visit to his mother, Mrs. Thos. H. Pritchard, at their Summer residence, Wrightsville.

—Messrs. C. H. Lineberger, W. J. Peters, Charlotte; E. A. Muse, N. C.; L. C. Hedgepath, Rowland; F. W. Hargett, Jacksonville; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; J. T. Foy, Scotts Hill; L. A. Bizzer, Hub; W. T. R. Bell, Rutherfordton; T. T. James, Liberty; F. P. Meadows, Wilson; Alex. Sessoms, Cumberland; Wm. H. Chadbourn, Jr., Newbern; Geo. T. Brown, Winston; B. H. Henderson, W. Henderson, Honey Hill; E. Porter, Rocky Point, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

John C. Davis' Escape from the Asylum.

A special dispatch to the STAR from Raleigh says that John C. Davis made his escape Thursday afternoon. While out walking with an attendant he broke away and fled. He was seen last Saturday at Clayton. It is thought he is making for Beaufort to visit his mother's grave. He has had a disposition to do so for some time.

Low Water in Cape Fear River.

The steamer *D. Murchison* got aground Monday afternoon on her way down the river from Fayetteville, and was with great difficulty floated again. She had to leave 125 barrels of rosin, part of her cargo, on the river side near Little Sugar Loaf. She arrived here last evening about 7.30 o'clock.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The steamer *Wilmington* will make but one trip to Southport to-day, leaving at 9 a. m.

— Local forecast for to-day: Probably fair; light southwest winds, shifting to northwest.

— Valentine Howe, colored, left yesterday for Newbern to get pointers from the Firemen's Association meeting.

— At 8 o'clock Monday morning there was 8.6 feet of water in the Cape Fear at Fayetteville, a fall of .2 of a foot in 24 hours.

— The members of the Howard Relief Fire Company who went to Newbern yesterday called at the STAR office to say good-bye as they were on their way to the Newbern train.

— The ninth series of the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association will be issued Saturday, the 10th inst. After that date all holders of stock in the Third series will be paid par value of same.

— The STAR can supply back numbers from the beginning of the Harvey-Horr silver debate, having printed a small extra edition for that purpose. Price, five cents per copy.

— Mr. D. J. Chadwick, who lives near the corner of Fifth and Castle streets, killed a rattlesnake's pilot in front of his door Wednesday. It measured three feet eight inches in length.

— The STAR regrets to hear of the death of Mrs. Ann Sophia French, which occurred yesterday at Bangor, Maine. Her sons Messrs. George Z. and William H. French were at her bedside when the final summons came.

— The many friends of Rev. R. C. Beaman will be pleased to know that in the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. C. Norman, upon his Summer vacation, Mr. Beaman has consented to fill the pulpit of Grace M. E. Church on the third Sabbath of the present month.

— The STAR sent a special reporter to Newbern yesterday to "do up" the firemen's meeting, but nothing was received from him last night. The tournament, however does not begin until to-day, and the only feature of yesterday was a business meeting of the State Association.

— Mr. W. B. Jordan, traveling agent and correspondent of the STAR, is at Panacea Springs, where he may remain several weeks for the benefit of his health, which, we are glad to say, is improving. During Mr. Jordan's enforced absence from duty, bills for subscription will be sent direct from the STAR office and we earnestly request subscribers to give them prompt attention.

The E. C. Piscatorial Association.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association was held yesterday at The Orton. Capt. J. F. Divine was called to the chair, and Mr. Frank H. Stedman was secretary.

Mr. W. A. Riach and Mr. R. D. Cronly were appointed a committee to verify proxies and upon their reporting that a majority of the stock was represented, the meeting was declared duly organized for business.

The auditing committee, Messrs. G. W. Williams, W. W. Miller and W. A. Riach, reported that they had examined the books of the secretary and treasurer and found them correct. They also submitted a written report, showing the condition of the company for the year ended July 31st, 1895, and this report was ordered to be spread upon the minutes.

The President, Dr. E. Porter, made his annual report, which was also accepted.

An election for directors for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Dr. E. Porter, W. A. Riach, J. F. Divine, W. W. Miller, R. D. Cronly, C. M. Whitlock and J. D. Bellamy, Jr.

The meeting then adjourned.

A subsequent meeting of the directors was then held, at which Dr. E. Porter was unanimously re-elected president, and Frank N. Stedman, secretary and treasurer.

The Board then adjourned, subject to call of the president.

Juvenile Baseball.

An exciting game of baseball was played yesterday by the "Black Belts" and the "Confeds." In the eighth inning the score stood 16 to 9 in favor of the "Black Belts;" but the "Confeds" pulled themselves together and after a desperate struggle, won the game by a score of 17 to 16.

Battery for the "Black Belts," Charlie Morris, Catch, Forrest Padrick, Pitch. For the "Confeds," Sandy Hawes, Pitch, Jeff. Moore and George White, Catchers.

Gen. Gordon.

Gen. Gordon will be in Wilmington on Tuesday night, December 31st next. That date was yesterday fixed as the time for his address, "The Last Days of the Confederacy," at the Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Delano, of the Western Union office, lately from Lynchburg, Va., is now leading the classes in the gymnasium at the Y. M. C. A. and proves a good leader. The classes keep up well in spite of the warm weather. There were ten in line last night.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

NAVAL RESERVE'S CRUISE.

The Boys in Good Health and Fine Spirits—Scrubbing Decks and Drilling—Aboard the Amphitrite for Instructions with the Turret Guns.

ON BOARD NANTUCKET,
Aug. 6, 1895.

The Reserves have settled right square down to business as coast defenders. They laid the foundation when they went aboard the *Amphitrite* this morning. They were thoroughly drilled in handling all guns aboard ship. Those men that were stationed in the turrets at the 10-inch guns had work before them. Everything about these guns is worked by hydraulic pressure; the ammunition is brought from the ammunition room to the guns in the upper turret in lifts, which places the charge in the chamber; a hydraulic rammer rams the charge; the gun is raised, run out and revolved also. With the immense weight of the gun and the powerful charge and shell that they carry, it requires but six men at the gun proper, and their duties are light compared to the labor in handling the old-time smooth-bore ordnance of the past. The gun is fired by electricity. It was the pleasure of the writer to be gun captain of No. 1 10-inch gun in the forward turret, under instructions of Lieutenant Haesler. On that gun were William Hodges, No. 3, first plugman and sponger; Fred Harper, No. 3, second plugman and sponger; Freeman, No. 4, liftman; Wessell, No. 5, leverman, and Graham, No. 6, trainer. This gun crew knew the working, and could handle those powerful engines of war with splendid execution before leaving the *Amphitrite*.

This afternoon general liberty is the order and the heartsore swains of the reserves are taking advantage of this order. The expression of one and all is that the cruise so far is a success in every way, and the reserves will return to their homes knowing full well that their time has not been thrown away. The *Amphitrite* officers have been to a man most courteous and kind and we will ever remember them with feelings of gratitude for the good they are doing us, and good Capt. Wise, how can we but admire him for his actions towards us. He has given us the privilege of his ship and any seamen of the reserves need not be backward in asking the captain of the *Amphitrite* for information.

We receive nothing but praise and encouragement from every one aboard the visiting ship. The Kinston Division are a manly set of men, and a great acquisition to the reserves. They are most willing, and learn quickly. They are gentlemen to a man.

To-morrow means another day at drill and hard work.

The third day of the cruise dawned bright and fair. All hands aboard ship were aroused from their peaceful slumbers by our most worthy boatswain, Prempert. After all the hammocks were stored away and breakfast through, all hands were mustered to quarters. To-day was the first day that scrubbing of decks was in order. Some of the boys tried to play off sick, but that wouldn't do. They had rather work than take medicine. At 10:30 all hands were taken aboard the *Amphitrite* for instruction in the turret guns. The boys were all full of fun and enjoyed the instructions.

About twelve of the boys visited old Fort Caswell, the Torpedo Station and the Life-Saving Station. To-day all seem to have a nice time, and were greatly interested in the whispering chambers of the old fort.

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

Regular Meeting—Various Matters Debated and Disposed Of.

The Board of Audit and Finance met yesterday afternoon in regular session. Present Messrs. Wm. Calder (chairman) H. C. McQueen, C. W. Yates, C. H. Ganzer and Jas. H. Hanby.

A communication from the Board of Aldermen was read, reporting its action in the matter of an appropriation of $250 to advertise the city at the Atlanta Exposition, and in the matter of a new building for the Cape Fear fire engine company.

In regard to the appropriation of $250 for the purpose mentioned, the Chair said it would be essential to know who would have control of the expenditure of the appropriation.

Alderman Hicks, who was present, said it would be in the hands of a committee appointed jointly by the Board of Aldermen and the Board of Commissioners of the county, which board had made an appropriation of $250 to advertise the county.

After discussion a motion offered by Mr. McQueen was adopted, that the matter be referred back to the Board of Aldermen with the request that the names of the members of the committee to be in charge of the expenditures accompany the communication.

In regard to the Cape Fear engine house the Board decided to leave it in the hands of the Committee of the Board of Aldermen.

City Attorney Sutton presented two bills for $10 each for legal services in cases tried in magistrates' courts. After some discussion the bills were approved, subject to the approval, respectively, of the chairman of the Market House Committee and the chairman of the Sanitary Committee of the Board of Aldermen.

Bills for current expenses amounting to $7,573.53 were audited and approved, and the Board adjourned until the next regular meeting.

A Cordial Invitation to Visit the Amphitrite.

Captain Wise, the courteous commander of the *Amphitrite*, has extended to Captain Harper, of the *Wilmington*, the privilege of landing passengers from the city directly on board the monitor at her anchorage at Southport. "Tell them all to come," he said; "she belongs to them, and we would be glad to have them."

CRUISE NOTES

Nice fresh eggs and nice fresh butter to-day.

Say Rabbit Wescott, stop stealing pie and watermelons.

Seventeen pies were stolen by General Coxey and his gang.

To-morrow the reporter will give a full account of the boys' doings.

Alfred Hankins awoke last night and found rain water in his hammock.

Yellow Haired "Myers" is quite a favorite with the Southport ladies.

Uncle Pomp Robinson is Ship Corporal. He gives the boys plenty to eat.

The Great Unknown will endeavor to shave the cedar sticks during his absence.

Oh you rope cutters, you can stay in the hold of the ship until you learn to do better.

Club Foot Hodges, commonly known as "Biscuit, is a favorite with the *Amphitrite's* crew.

Bob Bray has been Bray-ing so much that all the girls of Southport think we have a cow aboard.

The officers of the *Nantucket* praise the boys and say they are doing better than ever before.

Bob. Bray brayed himself out of the ship to-day, because he did not have any braid on his coat.

Henry Rancke is still in the ring. He keeps the boys awake all night yelling hello; telephone calls.

Fred Harper, next time you go aboard don't say floore when you mean the deck. Keep your ignorance hid.

Oh! you pie stealers, your time has come. Go below in the dungeon, and stay there for six hours.

Lieut. Griffin stands to his duties like a veteran. Let us hear from your Division next year, Lieutenant.

Fred Burr, who was blind yesterday evening, on board the *Nantucket*, picked up a hatchet and saw, what?

Coxey Graham, Esq., looks like a young grizzly bear. The general has command of the broom brigade.

"Skelding" is enjoying the fun immensely. He belongs to the gig's crew, one of the best crew aboard ship.

To-morrow is the big day. Ho! for the sea! Don't get scared boys! A little seasickness will do you good.

Clarence Doodle Bagg represents the cowboy after a long ride through briars; His pants have fringe on the sides.

Treut! Treut! where art thou. Don't shirk your duty so. Come to the front and exercise those big feet of yours.

Little Burr is raising a great disturbance aboard. He lost a cigarette stump and says Rabbit Wescott swiped it.

Louis Myers regrets to say he has lost his heart in Southport. Its a wonder he don't lose his head, the town is so large.

Doodle Bagg sings "I Want to See the Girl I Left Behind." Clarence has not yet received a letter from his best girl.

Pimple Face Barber has the old *Lum Bergo* in his left hind leg. Robert Wescott cured him with his STAR rabbit foot.

"Shoeless Freeman," the Dispenser, paid his friend Davis, of Southport, a friendly call yesterday. A happy meeting.

Fred Burr fell through one of the deadlights during mess and completely besmeared his nice white suit with scrambled eggs.

Pompie Robinson is getting fat; he ate sixteen biscuits, eight eggs, six Irish potatoes and drank four cups of coffee for supper last night.

Biscuit Hodges could be seen washing the tomato juice from off his pants yesterday. Some joke of the boys; only a little innocent amusement.

Jack the Ripper, Anson King, dressed himself up in great style Sunday evening and went to the Methodist Church. You ought to heard his prayer.

Joe Lane, commonly known as "crap shooter," lost thirteen cents, two cigarettes, one chew tobacco and a match. Poor little "Joe" he is in trouble.

Harry Burr, who isn't with the boys, wants to go. He hasn't a quarter on hand, but is measuring 5-quarter stuff for the Cape Fear Lumber Company.

M. H. Quinnelly, of the Kinston Division, has been singing Home Sweet Home all day. Swabbing out the dead lights gets next to his sensitive nerves.

Shoeless Freeman has been again appointed Dispenser of Refreshments aboard ship. Freeman has on better shoes this cruise than the last; fire stock.

Seaman "Rancke" is still playing his pranks. He went ashore Monday night and went to sleep on the barracks. The police run him in. The "cub" is now in Southport jail.

"Dutchie Wessell ate so much ham and nice fresh eggs to-day" that the services of the surgeon aboard the *Amphitrite* was needed to procure the naragation of "Dutchie."

McKoy, of Kinston, wanted to know if the speaking tube was what the ammunition was passed through. Can't expect anything better from R. H. McKoy's namesake.

Wilkes Morris had a slight fall. He slided down one of the port holes and came very near knocking a hole in the bottom of the old *Nantucket*. He's "O. K." now, nevertheless.

Coxey Graham had a great washing of feet on the after part of the ship this afternoon. All hands were invited to participate in the cooling refreshment. I guess they did need it.

Money Face Howard, while trying to impose on the Kinston boys, was fined one penny and the cost. Not being able to pay same was committed to jail by Justice of Peace Harper.

Fringe Deggs, known in Wilmington as Clarence Bagg, was put in the sweat box to-day for pouring soup in Shanghigh Hankins' hammock. The consequence was Hankins got his hair tangled and stuck so long to his hammock that Prempert sent for the surgeon to amputate some of Shanghigh's hair. Damages to hair sixteen cents.

Ex-Lieutenant, J. C. Morrison, who was as "dumb" as an oyster Sunday morning, visited Southport yesterday and picked up the hub of a wheel and spoke to Commander Winslow.

Good Shanghigh Peter Milk, Strayhorn Hankins, Doodle's Boy Pompie Robinson, Big Foot Hodges and Rabbit Wescott all were put in the sweat box for stealing watermelons last night.

The boys are having a high old time with the Southport beauties on the barracks at night, by the moonlight. Six couples could be seen around the old gun on the barracks. What is love?

The *Nantucket's* base ball team have challenged the *Amphitrite* team for a game of ball this afternoon at Southport. All Wilmington people are invited to come down and witness the contest.

Greenabaum and Bagg are deaf at mess time, "I don't think." They endeavor to get on the good side of Uncle Pomp Robinson, believing they "thusly" stand a better show to get spring chicken.

Shanghigh shed tears of regret to think he could not go ashore last night. He had made an engagement with his best girl. But the officer of the deck broke his heart when he told him to stay aboard ship.

The Kinston Division "catch on" quickly. Their boat crews are doing well. They furnish a big portion of muscle power, especially when handling a barrel of oil. Coleman and Bond please take off your hats.

The Gig's crew, which is one of the best, are Hodges, Harper, DeRosset, Skelding and Howard. They were the first to board the *Amphitrite*, after Brigadier General Marshall and Assistant Brigadier General Arthur Prempert.

General Coxey! What would we do without him,
Since all the men and women, too, are nearly crazed about him.
He's dirty, good and funny—what a mixture!
But aboard the old *Nantucket* he's an eternal fixture.

The following is a list of the Kinston Division Naval Reserves reported aboard for duty Saturday evening, August 3rd, under command of Ensign Moore; F. M. LaRoque, Seamen F. T. Harper, H. C. Harrison, C. W. Hartsfield, W. R. Barnes, Ed. R. Tull, H. D. Stanley, W. B. Coleman, Ed. Morton, N. B. Moore, Dan Quinnelly, H. H. McKoy, Guy Webb, M. H. Quinnelly.

OFF FOR NEWBERN.

Departure of the Wilmington Firemen—A List of Members of the Three Companies That Will Take Part in the Tournament.

The Wilmington firemen were happy yesterday. The W., N. & N. train had three coaches filled with firemen when it left at 2 o'clock. They were in care of Mayor S. H. Fishblate, who made the trip lively, and the boys had lots of fun.

Howard Relief No. 1 carried the following members: Assistant Chief of the Fire Department, Charles Schnibben; Foreman, J. H. W. Fuchs; First Assistant Foreman, H. F. Haar; Second Assistant Foreman, Henry Gieschen. Active members—H. T. Duls, Jno. Blomme, Martin Schnibben, Henry D. Oldenbuttle, T. C. Dickinson, H. Gerdts, Geo. C. Schutte, W. H. Bloome, Herbert Peterson, P. N. Fick, John C. Boesch. Honorary members—Martin Rathgen, J. E. Haar, Peter Mohr, J. D. Doescher, George Heyer. Delegates—J. W. Deels, Timothy Donlan, J. W. H. Fuch. The members wore badges bearing the inscription: "Organized 1856. German Firemen," and a picture of the old Adrian engine.

The Atlantic company carried the following: President, Jas. W. Monroe; Ed. W. Jones, B. R. Russell, D. B. Holland, Jas. A. Oldham, Wm. McR. Smith, Jas. Motte, R. C. Smith, Wm. P. Platt, Jno. D. Burkheimer, Jno. W. Yates, Jas. W. White, J. Wm. Furlong, E. B. Burkheimer, W. B. Burkheimer, H. D. Burkheimer, W. C. VonGlahn.

The Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Company: Thos. J. Gore, Foreman; President, W. B. Mann; Secretary, W. F. Ketcham; First Assistant Foreman, J. D. Sellers; Second Assistant Foreman, C. C. Parker; members, Marcus Gray, H. H. Parker, Nick Justice, A. C. Cumber, Jno. A. Martin, J. W. Failes, W. H. Hancammon, Clayton C. Redd, Charles Burnett, Jas. Brown.

A game of base ball will be played at Newbern during the tournament, between the Newbern boys and a picked team from the firemen. Newbern wishes to employ Wilmington's pitcher, Fred Pearsall.

City Court

Fred Grady, alias Fred Bryant, colored, charged with stealing a bacon ham from Mr. C. L. Spicer's store, corner of Fourth and Harnett streets, was committed to jail in default of bond for $100 for his appearance at the next term of the Superior Court.

Jno. Williams, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, was sentenced to pay a fine of $5.00 or work five days on the streets.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

The Police Board.

The Police Board met yesterday to consider the complaint of Mr. S. P. Collier, of the disorderly conduct of men and women at night at the corner of Front and Mulberry streets, and the action of the Board of Aldermen recommending that the policemen on the beat be held responsible. Police officers Sutton and Neilson (white) and Green (colored) who were on the beat were present.

Mr. Collier's complaint was corroborated by Mr. E. M. Wells, Mr. B. F. Lee and Mr. Adolph Alderman. The police officers swore that they did not hear of any such disturbance as complained of, and the Board decided that they had not been derelict in the performance of duty and ordered that they be continued on the force.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Orient Lodge No. 395.

REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING THIS (Wednesday) at 8 p. m., August 7th, 1895.
aug 7 1t H. G. SMALLBONES, Sec'y.

Carolina Beach and Southport.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY STEAMER WILMINGTON will leave wharf at 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. Will stop alongside of "Amphitrite" half an hour each trip to allow visitors a chance to see this wonderful battle ship. Fare 50c.
aug 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

Ninth Series

WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD AND LOAN Association will be issued Saturday, 10th inst. Subscriptions will be received at office of Brown & Whitted, opposite Front street market.
The third series will mature after Saturday next. All holders of unredeemed stock will receive full payment for same by applying to Secretary.
aug 7 3t C. C. BROWN, Sec'y and Treas'r.

Geo. W. Huggins,

JEWELER,

Will Move Temporarily

On Monday to the Old National Bank Building, next Brown & Roddick, opposite Purcell House.
aug 4 3t su we fri

TO THE PUBLIC!

In order to set at rest any question as to THE PRICES at which ICE IS SOLD HERE, and has been sold for the past two years, we append our SCALE OF PRICES.

26 5 lb. Ice Tickets, 130 lb. Ice, for $1.

In the Following Quantities Delivered:

14 10 lb. tickets, 140 lbs. Ice $1 or 71c per 100.
11 15 lb. tickets, 165 lbs. Ice $1 or 60c per 100.
9 20 lb. tickets, 180 lbs. Ice $1 or 55c per 100.
25 lb. tickets or over 50c per 100.
250 lbs. one delivery 40c per 100.
500 lbs. one delivery 35c per 100.
1 ton or over 25c per 100.
10 tons or over 20c per 100.

Any one interested can by calling at our office see verified copies of the prices prevailing in any of the seaboard cities from Richmond to New Orleans. Very respectfully,

Wm. E. Worth & Co.
aug 7 tf

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,
Resident Agents.
je 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Final Sale.

THE DISCONTINUANCE OF OUR GENERAL 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT AND THE BEGINNING OF OUR

Final Sale

Takes Place the 1st of August.

We have only a few days in which to close out the balance of our stock. The GREAT DISCOUNT SALE relieved us of the bulk of it, but the rest must go and we call it a

Necessity Sale.

It is a final one also, and you have only a very short time in which to take advantage of it.

This will be a HARVEST WEEK for the

Bargain Gatherers.

This sale is different from all others and the various lots put forward increase in real value WHILE THE PRICES GET STEADILY SMALLER.

Read the Items.

Figured Cashmeres and Bedford Cords, all wool, only 25c, worth 60c to $1.00.

Challies, all wool, 8c a yard, worth 20c a yard.

1,000 yards evening shades in Cotton Fabrics, as pretty as Crepons, only 5c a yard.

5,000 yards Cotton Crash, only 3c a yard.

1,000 yards Elastic at 1c a yard.

1,000 yards Veiling at 10c a yard, all Silk.

100 boxes Soap—Tropical Boquet, three cakes in each box, only 15c a box, worth 25c.

5,000 cakes Castile Soap, three cakes for 5c.

Bixby's Shoe Polish at 5c a bottle.

1,000 yards Lace at 5c a yard, worth 15 and 20c.

200 Corsets, including "Warner's Health," "Bridal," "Diamond" and other well known brands, only 50c a pair.

500 Gent's Suspenders at 25c, worth 35c.

100 Silk Belts at 10c each.

A good Machine Cotton, two spools for 5c.

100 yards all Silk Grenadines at 75c a yard, worth $1.50.

All our 50c Waist Silks at 40c yard.

We will move to No. 29 North Front street, Store formerly occupied by Mr. P. Heinsberger.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
aug 1 tf

Grand Military Excursion

FROM

FAYETTEVILLE

—TO—

Wilmington and Ocean View,

Friday, Aug. 23, 1895.

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry will celebrate its One Hundred and Second Anniversary at Ocean View. They expect a large attendance of Veterans and Ladies.

A fine Band will go with us.

The managers will do all in their power to make everybody have a pleasant day.

Good order will be maintained, and the ladies carefully looked after.

A Refreshment Car, a Baggage Car and a Reserved Coach will be in the train. Reserved seats 25 cents extra.

Tickets will be on sale at the office of the Agent at all Stations below Fayetteville and can be had from any of the Committee.

SCHEDULE AND FARE:

		Wilmington.	Ocean View.
Fayetteville,	7.00 A. M.	$1 00	$1 25
Stedman,	7.25 "	1 00	1 25
Autryville,	7.32 "	1 00	1 25
Roseboro,	7.52 "	1 00	1 25
Parkersburg,	8.05 "	90	1 15
Garland,	8.18 "	90	1 15
Ivanhoe,	8.54 "	75	1 00

Return Train leaves Ocean View 6.30 p. m.; Wilmington 7.30 p. m.

J. C. VANN,
E. L. PEMBERTON,
W. C. McDUFFIE,
MARSDEN HAIGH,
B. R. HUSKE,
Managers.
aug 2 1w

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 7, 1895

CURRENCY AND PRICES.

The gold monometallists have twisted and exhausted the statistics to show that the prices of farm and other products have not been affected by the demonetization of silver. They admit the decline in prices, but insist that this has been the result of overproduction, but they fail to explain why it is that overproduction was co-incident with the contraction of the currency which began when Secretary McCulloch began to call in the greenbacks, and continued with the demonetization of silver in 1873. This overproduction plea is a fake, for prices were good from 1850 until after the war, and then there was greater production of farm stuffs in proportion to population than there has been since, and there was more prosperity among the people than there has been since.

There was a greater production in proportion to population than there has been since, but there was not such a great surplus for several reasons. Then we had a monetary system which supplied all the money the people needed, and it was not controlled and locked up in money centers, as it is now. There may have been, as the gold monometallists assert, a smaller *per capita* circulation than there is now, but under the system of State banks then in existence the volume of currency could be expanded as business might require. This bank money was local money; it was within easy reach; was kept moving, and one dollar performed as much or more service than do five dollars locked up in Eastern vaults and turned loose when it suits the money kings to turn it loose. Then the countries of Europe, except England, had not demonetized silver, and we sold them our spare products to better advantage than we can now. Prices were not made on a gold basis as they are now, and the dollar that the American farmer got for his produce would buy a dollar's worth of anything the farmer wanted to buy abroad. The silver dollar was then everywhere outside of Great Britain the equivalent of a gold dollar. Then we had shipping of our own which carried our products into all the ports of the world, for the protective tariff had not destroyed our shipping.

These are some of the reasons to account for the overproduction they talk about and say is the cause of low prices, but they try to dodge the main cause and to throw dust into the eyes of the people as to that. There has been overproduction, not because there was more produced than there was any use for but more than there was a demand for as the volume of currency was reduced so was the purchasing power of the people reduced, and as the purchasing power of money became greater the selling power of products became less. Secretary McCulloch within three years, between 1865 and 1868, contracted the volume of currency about $500,000,000. Before this contracting process began there was in round figures about 30,000,000 of people in the United States, North and South. At the close of the war the estimated *per capita* among the people of the Northern States was about $41. The volume then in circulation had, when the war ended, to be extended to the 10,000,000 of people in the South, which added one third more to be supplied from the same volume of currency, and then the contraction began which swept away nearly one-half of the money in active circulation. Then there was little or no gold in circulation, and but little silver, for the country was practically on a paper basis, and there was paper enough, legal tender paper enough, to supply the people of the North with an ample volume to transact business.

With this monstrous contraction, and the distribution of the remainder so as to supply currency to the South, is it surprising that money should become scarce and prices fall? And when right on the heels of this the conspirators demonetized silver and dropped the dollar from the list of coins, putting us absolutely on a gold basis, is it surprising that prices fell still more? They admit that prices have fallen, for they can't deny it. Secretary Smith admitted in his Georgia speeches that farm products had decreased 20 per cent. since 1873, while silver, he says has depreciated 50 per cent.; but he denies that the legislation which caused the 50 per cent. depreciation in the price of silver caused the 20 per cent. depreciation in the price of farm products, when that has been so often proved that it looks like a waste of time and figures to be proving it over again.

Doesn't everyone who has eyes to see, ears to hear and sense enough to eat when he is hungry know that when money is plentiful people buy more and live better, and are willing to pay more liberally for what they buy than when money is scarce and they are obliged to economize, very frequently to the extent of doing without comforts and sometimes things bordering on necessaries that they would not think of doing without if money was easily earned? Isn't this demonstrated every time there is a money stringency, and haven't we felt it keenly within the past couple years? And yet we have men calling themselves financiers who have the hardihood to deliberately assert that the volume of money does not affect prices. Is this stupidity or is it trifling with the intelligence of the people?

MINOR MENTION.

The management of the Seaboard Air Line has done a business-like and commendable thing in organizing an industrial department, the object of which is to stimulate industrial development along its lines and in its territory. In the furtherance of this work it seeks and urges the co-operation of its agents in the towns, who are urged to lend their efforts to awakening an interest in industrial development by talking up the industries, studying up the resources and capabilities of the sections in which they are located, by getting the people together and discussing and formulating plans to promote development, to establish new industries and for the more thrifty management of those which need improvement in this respect. This does not contemplate extensive undertakings, but such as are within the means and reach of each community. It is assumed that one live, energetic, persevering man in a community can accomplish much in arousing others from lethargy, and converting a listless town into an active, hustling one provided he be zealous and persevering. It was Josh Billings, we believe, who said that a hustling man in a town was like the itch in a school house, he "got everybody to scratching," and there is a good deal of truth in it. We have illustrations of this in many towns in North Carolina, and other States, which are fortunate enough to possess one or more citizens of this kind. Having the encouragement and the co-operation of the company these agents can do much by talking up the industries and planning with other citizens to promote the development and prosperity of their respective communities, and while the achievements of each one may not be great the aggregate results may make a splendid showing.

* * *

Secretary Morton, of the U. S. Agricultural Department, is a pretty good business man, but he isn't so much absorbed in business that he can't indulge in a little "joke." He seems to think it a part of his mission in life to give silver a black eye, and having failed in his proselyting efforts to convert some of his associates in his department from their silver "heresies," he has hit upon a little "joke" as an object lesson. The joke is that he has had the monthly salary of one of them, who refuses to be persuaded by his chief's logic, done up in a canvas bag, which, with the 175 silver dollars in it weighs just ten pounds, which will be handed to the gentleman when he calls for his salary. This may look to the esteemed jocular Secretary like a weighty *argumentum ad hominem*. But suppose we run it out on the gold schedule and see how it would work. Mr. Morton's salary is about $2,000 a quarter. If when he calls for his salary it was paid to him in gold in a canvas bag, it would weigh 8½ pounds, and he would have to lug away just a pound and three-quarters less than his subaltern, who totes off ten pounds of silver dollars. As a matter of preference, we think, Mr. Morton would take his in greenbacks or bank notes, or even silver certificates. Mr. Cleveland's salary quarterly is $12,500. If they should do up his in a canvas bag and pay it in that way, the one who drew it would have to tote off a little over 52-pounds. We think Mr. Cleveland would prefer his in greenbacks or something that he could handle more conveniently. The silver joke is a little bulkier we confess, but the gold joke is about as weighty, but it so happens that the average man would be rarely inconvenienced by the weight of either silver or gold.

* * *

The statement that the whortleberry crop of Sampson county has brought $75,000 into that county this year has attracted much attention and elicited much comment as to the money value of some of our indigenous products, which grow without cultivation and cost nothing but the gathering and are therefore not appreciated as they should be. The whortleberry is one of these and the blackberry another, both of which grow in the greatest abundance in North Carolina but neither of which brings one third of the profit it would if its value were fully appreciated. As these berries grow wild the picking is left to the poor, who gather and sell to the merchants for shipment or to the town people for consumption, but not one-third of either crop is picked and marketed. When the season is fully on the price falls so low that even the poor quit picking and carrying to town. In some portions of the State the blackberry crop was so bountiful this year that the pickers didn't seem to make an impression on the bushes, and thousands of bushels of berries were left to dry up and waste. We do not suppose there was any effort made to can them for use in the Fall and Winter, when they would command three times the price they do in the Summer. Millions of pounds of berries, fresh and dried, are shipped from this State, and they bring in considerable money, but if managed with thrift they could be made to bring in three times as much.

BOOK NOTICES.

The *Atlantic Monthly* for August presents a fine list of contents, some for entertainment only, others for entertainment and instruction, and all of a high order. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., No. 11 East Seventeenth street, New York.

The *Review of Reviews* for August is an excellent number, filled with a variety of interest reading matter, finely illustrated. Under "The Progress of the World" are given sketches with pictures of a number of men who are now figuring prominently in this and other countries. Address Review of Reviews, No. 13 Astor Place, New York.

There are a number of interesting and valuable articles in the August number of *The American Magazine of Civics*, among them one by Allen Ripley Foote entitled "A Plea for Sound Currency and a Banking System," in which he contends that the true solution of the money question is in the establishment of a banking system, with proper safeguards, which will supply the people with such a volume of money as may be necessary to supply the demand of business. Published by Andrew J. Palm & Co., 38 Park Row, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Mr. Gorman gave a dazzling exhibition of his strength of will by swallowing the Cleveland-indorsement resolution without winking.—*Chicago Record, Ind.*

—— Maine is a prohibition State, and has been so for a number of years. Nevertheless, it is reported that certain charitable citizens of the town of Biddeford have formed an association to pay the expenses of any drunkard who desires to take the gold cure, and is unable to pay for it out of his own pocket. If prohibition really prohibits, there would probably be no drunkards in Maine.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— There will be plenty of men like the Cincinnati manufacturer, whose failure in business was recorded yesterday, who can trace their downfall to the fact "that the banker's dollar is twice as good as the manufacturer's dollar." The same is true about the merchant and planter. The financial question is largely embraced in the wail of the Cincinnati manufacturer that the banker's dollar—the gold dollar demanded in debt-payment—has increased one-half.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "I see that a dude has brought suit for $15,000 damages against the express company. What was the trouble?" "Some fool pulled all the steamship and European hotel labels off his trunk." *New York Recorder.*

— "I object, my dear, to your asking that woman to dinner. She's the greatest gossip in town." said Mr. Perkins.

"I know that, John, but we can't invite the reporters, and I don't know how else to get an account of our dinner in the papers;" replied Mrs. P.—*Harper's Bazar.*

— It is rumored that the few persons who were not killed by Holmes contemplate organizing and holding reunions.—*Chicago Mail.*

— Credits and Non-Credits—Editor—Ha, ha, ha! Here's a mighty good thing in the *Weekly Funmaker*. Funniest thing I've read for a long while. Clip it out and print it.

Exchange Editor—Shall I credit it to the *Weekly Funmaker*?

Editor—N-o. It's too good to credit to anybody.—*New York Weekly.*

All forms of Summer Complaint, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, etc., which are attended by so much

Pain

are quickly relieved and effectually cured by PAIN-KILLER. The standard remedy for these troubles for more than 50 years. It

Goes

without saying, that every kind of pain—internal or external—takes its leave

When

PAIN-KILLER is applied. Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Bites and Stings are all cured by

Pain-Killer

Accept no substitute under any inducements. The genuine bears the name—"Perry Davis & Son"—and is sold everywhere at 25c. a bottle. (double the former quantity).

Remember that all pain goes when Pain-Killer

Comes.

June 8 52 sn we fr

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Stanly *Enterprise*: Mr. John S. Atkins showed us some beautiful pieces of gold he found on his place about one mile east of Albemarle Monday.

— Danbury *Reporter*: It is said that many thousands of bushels of apples will rot on the ground in Stokes county this year, and the people will have to pay some Northern establishment hard cash for the vinegar they use.

— Winston *Sentinel*: We are pained to announce the death of Mr. D. R. Burton, who was familiarly known as "Raney Burton," which occurred at his home in this city, about three o'clock this morning, after two years a failing health.

— Asheville *Citizen*: Charles Malcolm Platt died at his residence on College street, in this city, at 7 o'clock p. m. on Saturday last. He was the son of Rev. William Platt and was born in Sweden, in the State of New York, February 21, 1857.

— Marion *Record*: Mr. Wm. McCall, of the Cove, reports to the *Record* a supposed case of suicide. Last Friday Elisha Minish, who lived on Hunnicutt Mountain, was found dead near his home with a bullet hole through his forehead and a gun lying across his body. Discord in the unfortunate man's home is thought to be the cause of his rash act.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. Robert J. Shipp died last night at 9 o'clock at his home in Newton. His death was quite sudden and was due to heart disease, with which he had been affected for some time. He was about 46 years of age and was well known in Charlotte, where he studied law, and later, during 1886-'87, was a member of the Charlotte bar. —— S. M. Sullivan, a resident of Covington, Ga., aged 50 years, yesterday afternoon shot and killed himself on his sister's grave, in the cemetery at Huntersville.

— Elizabeth City *Economist-Falcon*: Last week we had the sad task to chronicle the demise of Col. G. G. Luke. Again we have to make record of another gallant Confederate soldier who followed its banners from the time when the first gun was fired until the tattered banner was folded at Appomattox—our dear friend, William Spence Temple. He departed this life, after long and painful illness, at his home at South Mills Thursday night, July 25th, in the 70th year of his age.

— Newbern *Journal*: One day last week there was a hard wind on the outskirts of Jacksonville which seemed to strike only in spots. A fish shed by the river was picked up and blown over another house and dropped down on top of some cars on the W., N. & N. R. R. track, falling in a wreck on each side. Also a train near this house was broken off, but no further damage done there. On the other side of the river a small colored church was demolished, and a house blown from its foundation.

HOME OF THE COLD WAVE.

Valley In Eastern British Columbia Said to Be Its Starting Point.

It is frequently asked, Where do cold waves originate? The coldest portion of the North American continent is in all probability in the Saskatchewan valley, east of Mount Hooker and Mount Hood, both of which are situated in the Rocky mountain range that divides British Columbia from the valley and the Alberta country. The height of this mountain range prevents the eastern trend or flow of vapor from the Pacific ocean from crossing over into the valley, as it would were it not for the presence of this high range of mountains.

Yet it must not be supposed that extreme cold always prevails here, because at certain intervals the vapor from the Pacific flows east by way of the Alaska peninsula through the upper valley of the Athabasca river into Alberta and the valley of the Saskatchewan, and there meeting with a more southern and eastern flow of vapor that flows through the gap in the mountain range made by the bay of San Juan it warms and expands the atmosphere, crosses the path of the cold wave, and a warmth of from 20 to 40 degrees is the result, as we often see graphically marked on the weather map by red dots here and there on its surface. But this does not satisfactorily answer why it is that the cold wave leaves its home in the above mentioned valley to go junketing on a southern tour.

To find the cause of those successive cold waves which we experience from time to time we will have to look in quite another direction—down to the northern tropical latitude, where the great evaporation of those warm currents and ocean surfaces is carried westward from the Atlantic ocean by the trade winds and is massed together between the winds of the eastern off shore winds, blowing sometimes from Florida and at other times from Texas, but in either case promoting cyclonic action, which has the effect of enlarging the area of the storm, and the immediate result is an enormous expansion of atmosphere usually denominated "low." As this "low" moves across the surface of the middle or eastern states it pours down large quantities of water in the shape of rain and is constantly receiving accessions of cloud matter to replenish its energies, and thus in this manner it creates more or less of a vacuum, into which the air from the northwest is drawn with more or less momentum, and the cold wave is completed.—Washington Post.

Dana on Journalism.

Now, Mr. Greeley is my great exemplar in journalism. He thought a newspaper man was of little use who did not know just the number of votes in every township in the state of New York and in every voting precinct and who could not tell whether the returns from the second district of Pound Ridge, in Westchester county, were correctly reported or not without sending to the place to find out how many votes had really been cast. That was one of his great points of distinction and success, but I would not advise you to labor after that sort of knowledge unless you have inherited a natural talent for it. But you should understand and appreciate the theory of the American government. You should know where this republic began, where it came from and where it belongs in the history of mankind and what part it is destined to play in the vast drama of human existence. That is the sort of politics that must appeal to any intelligent man and that will surely test his utmost powers.

And while we are on this point we may say in passing that an American who thinks another country is better than this should not go into journalism. You must be for the stars and stripes every time, or the people of this country won't be for you, and you won't sell enough papers to pay your expenses.—Charles A. Dana in McClure's Magazine.

Recipe For Typewriter Ink.

Take petroleum of high melting point, melt it on a water bath and incorporate, by constantly stirring, as much lampblack or drop black as it will take up without becoming granular. If the petroleum remains in excess, the print will not be clear. Remove from the fire, and while it is cooling mix equal parts of petroleum, benzine and rectified oil of turpentine, and in this dissolve the fatty ink, introduced in small portions under constant stirring. The solvent should be added in such proportions that the finished ink shall be of the consistency of fresh oil paint. Now wind the ribbon on a piece of cardboard, place on a table several layers of newspaper, then unwind the ribbon in such lengths as may be most convenient, and lay them smooth on the paper. Apply the ink by means of a soft brush, like a toothbrush, rubbing it in well. Hardly any ink should remain on the surface. For colored inks use prussian blue, red lead, etc., especially the aniline colors. A specimen formula given is: Aniline black, a half ounce; alcohol, 15 ounces; glycerin, 15 ounces. Dissolve the aniline in the alcohol and add the glycerin, inking the ribbon as before.

Jonathan Edwards had sharp, strident tones that grated unpleasantly on the ears of all who heard him.

Jewish women wore silver half moons in their shoes as ornaments.

LOST!

Lost!
A dimpled baby.
Young.
Scarce one year old.
Eyes
Of dawn star luster.
Hair
Of corn silk gold.

Seen
Last in a coffin.
Hands
With daisies filled.
Small,
Pale mouth was smiling.
Feet
Were strangely stilled.

Search!
The sad earth over.
Search!
The glad sky through.
Lost!
Beneath the clover;
Lost!
Amid the blue.

Leap!
Ye heart of mothers;
Run
The long years round.
Hear
God's last day chorus—
"Found!
All children found!"
—Helen J. Holcombe.

"Tullochgorum" and Skinner.

In the author of "Tullochgorum" we have actually a contemporary of Burns, but "Tullochgorum" was already popular while as yet Burns was almost unknown to his countrymen. Had John Skinner been told that he would be famed by posterity as the author of a song—perhaps of two songs—written carelessly for the amusement of his family or the pleasure of his friends, he would assuredly have declared that a false estimate had been formed of his genius. Had he not given to the world a valuable and voluminous ecclesiastical history of Scotland, and had Bishop Sherlock not commended him for his "Dissertation on Jacob's Prophecy?" Had he not proved himself a master of theological controversy, a learned theologian and an excellent classic scholar? Had he not fought, struggled and suffered almost to the extent of becoming a martyr for the faith? And, what was more than all to some, had he not sent out from among his sons a bishop to the church of his early choice? Even so. These all stand to his credit. Yet they must be accounted as of the things that perish.

John Skinner's controversies are forgotten; his prelections on prophecy are no longer studied, either for approbation or censure; even his personal trials are all but unknown to his countrymen, and the great ecclesiastical history has, it is feared, found its way to the top shelves among the dust and the cobwebs.—Scottish Review.

A One Way Rule.

"I would like to see some muslins," said the big, overbearing woman as she got the attention of a clerk in the dry goods store.

The clerk looked at her critically for a minute and then said:

"One dollar, please."

"One dollar!" she exclaimed. "For what? I don't know yet whether you have anything I want."

"I know you don't," he replied. "You see, you pay the dollar for the privilege of finding out."

"I'll do nothing of the kind," she said indignantly. "It's a most unheard of proceeding."

"Not at all," he returned. "You run an intelligence office, don't you?"

"Well, what if I do?"

"Do you remember when I came to you to get a girl?"

"No."

"Well, I do. And you charged me $1 for the privilege of finding out whether I could get one or not."

"That is the established way of"—

"Same thing here. One dollar, please."

But the rule would not work both ways.—Chicago Post.

How to Give Offense.

He—I hear you attend the Handel and Haydn performances. Were you present at the "Creation?"

She (indignantly)—I suppose you will next want to know if I sailed in Noah's ark.—Boston Beacon.

Not on the Bill.

"What have you got today?" inquired the customer of the waiter.

"I have a bad toothache, sir," was the reply he made a few moments before losing his job. — Yonkers Statesman.

In 1880 the foreign population of the United States comprised one-seventh of the whole, but of the learned professions, such as lawyers, doctors and teachers, only one person in eleven was of foreign birth.

In 1771 an unprecedented drought prevailed throughout India. Scarcely any rain fell for a year, and hundred of thousands died of famine, whole districts being depopulated.

Massachusetts bay was named from two Indian words, Mais Tohusaog, meaning "this side the hills."

Self denial is the result of a calm, deliberate, invincible attachment to the highest good.—G. Spring.

The word Ceylon is of Sanskrit origin, signifying the "Island of Lions."

Opium is the juice of the unripe capsules of the poppy.

Sucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind. †

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in mys tore I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 8p

Both Died In Jerusalem.

Monk Gerbert, who ascended the papal throne under the title of Sylvester II, anticipating Roger Bacon, made a bronze head, which, like that owned by the reputed inventor of gunpowder, was capable of answering him like an oracle. From this head he learned that he would not die until he performed mass at Jerusalem, and so he determined to live forever, by taking especial care not to go to the Holy City. Unfortunately Gerbert soon found that brazen heads, like other juggling fiends, "but keep the word of promise to our ear and break it to our hope," for one day he was taken seriously ill just after he had celebrated mass in one of the churches at Rome. On inquiring the name of this particular church he heard, much to his dismay, that it was popularly known as "Jerusalem," and he died in great agony a few hours afterward. Five hundred years after this Master Robert Fabian gives us the story of the death of King Henry IV, and tells us how that in his youth it had been prophesied that he would die in Jerusalem, and that the prophecy, as in the case of Gerbert, was in a way fulfilled by the king dying in the Jerusalem chamber at Westminster.—London Standard.

The Foundation Stone of Success.

The one great rule of business is that of honesty, absolute and unqualified honesty, writes Edward W. Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. All the rules of business are worthless if they are not founded on that one and only foundation stone to true commercial success. Honesty is not alone the best policy in business. It is the one and only policy. Upon it, and upon it alone, can a good reputation be built, and a man in business without a reputation for honesty might just as well stop. Any deviation from the rule of honesty in business may bring temporary gain, but it invariably means permanent loss. On the other hand, a strict adherence to an honest policy may mean a temporary loss, but it is sure to result in a permanent gain.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5½
Standard	7½	@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ℔ lb	13½	@	14
Sides, ℔ lb	8½	@	10
Shoulders, ℔ lb		@	8
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, ℔ lb	7	@	7¼
Shoulders, ℔ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX, ℔ lb	....	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	60	@	
Virginia Meal	60	@	65
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES— ℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ℔ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	21
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	90
EGGS— ℔ dozen		@	09
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	23 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 75
Choice	4 00	@	4 25
Straight	4 25	@	4 40
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE— ℔ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	65	@	67½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	65
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	65
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	50
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	5½
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	9½	@	9½
North Carolina	8½	@	9
LIME, ℔ barrel	....		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	27½
" " in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	20
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	....	@	2 50
ORE, ℔ barrel—			
City Yens	4 50	@	15 50
Rum		@	14 00
Prime		@	15 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT — sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	55
on 125 ℔ Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Heavy		@	7 00
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granul'd	4½	@	5
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	70	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	14	@	16
Clear of burs	13½	@	
Unwashed		@	12

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm, at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl. for Strained and $1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 85 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 20 for Hard, $1 60 for Yellow Dip and $1 90 for Virgin.

COTTON—Firm.

Ordinary	4½	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	5¾	" "
Low Middling	6 7-16	" "
Middling	6¾	" "
Good Middling	7 3-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	00	bales
Spirits Turpentine	160	casks
Rosin	856	bbls
Tar	117	bbls
Crude Turpentine	62	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 6.—Evening—Money on call at 1@1½ per cent. last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 4@4½ per cent. Bar silver 66⅝. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 489¼@489½ for sixty days, and 490½@490⅝ for demand. Posted rates 490@491. Commercial bills 488¼@489. Government bonds firm; United States, bonds steady; Railroad bonds easier.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 6—Evening Cotton steady; middling gulf 7 7-16; middling 7 3-16c; net receipts — bales; gross 286 bales; forwarded 201 bales; sales 930 bales; spinners 630 bales; stock (actual) 178,873 bales.

Futures closed quiet, August 7 00; September 7 02; October 7 07; November 7 11; December 7 16; January 7 21; February 7 26; March 7 32. Sales 102,600.

Total to-day—Net receipts 207 bales; exports to Great Britain 244 bales; stock 334,933 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 805 bales; exports to Great Britain 680 bales; to the Continent 685 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,909,559 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,423,456 bales; exports to France 772,883 bales; exports to the Continent 2,417,928 bales.

NEW YORK, August 6.—Flour dull and weaker; winter wheat, low grades $2 50@3 10; fair to fancy $3 10@3 60; patents $3 60@4 00; low extras $2 50@3 10; Minnesota clear $3 65@3 25; patents $3 65@4 50. Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 10@2 90; good to choice $3 00@3 65. Wheat dull at ½c lower, closing firm; No 2 red in store and at elevator 73½c; afloat 74¾@74½c; options opened firm and advanced ⅜@4c, fell ⅝@¾c, closing weak with September ½c down and other months unchanged to ⅜c up, with trading fairly active; No. 2 red, August 78¼, September 78½c; October 78⅝c. Corn fairly active and easier; No. 2 red 46¾c at elevator, 47¾@47¾c afloat; options were dull and weak at ⅜@⅝c decline; August 46½, September 46½c; October 44¾c. Oats dull; mixed lower; options dull and easier; August 35¾c; September 24¾c; October 24⅝c; spot prices—No. 2 26¾c; No. 2 white 30@39c; mixed Western 28@29c. Hay quiet and steady; shipping 75c; good to choice 90@$1 05. Wool firm and in moderate demand; domestic fleece 16@32c; pulled 15@34c; Texas 10@14c. Beef quiet and firm; family $11 00@12 50; extra mess $8 00; beef hams weak at $17 00@17 50; tierced beef quiet; city extra India mess $16 00@18 00; cut meats dull and nominal; bellies 7c; pickled shoulders 5¾c; pickled hams 9¼@9¾c. Lard quiet and easy; Western steam 6 32½; city 6 00; options sales none; refined dull; Continent $6 75; South America $7 15; compound $4 75@5 25. Pork quiet and easy; mess $11 00@11 50. Butter in moderate demand; fancy firm; State dairy 12@18¼c; creamery 19¼@20c; Western dairy 10@13c; creamery 13@20c; Elgins 20. Tallow firm and wanted; city 4⅜c bid; country 4¼@4¾c. Cotton seed oil quiet and nominal crude 24@25c; yellow prime 27½@28c, do good off grade 27. Petroleum nominal; refined New York $7 10; Philadelphia 7 05; do in bulk $4 55@4 60. Rice firm and in fair demand; domestic, fair to extra 4¼@6; Japan 4@4¼c, Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 26@32; fair demand and firm, Peanuts quiet. Coffee steady at 5@20 points down; spot Rio quiet; No. 7 $16 25. Sugar—raw active and firmer; fair refining 3c; refined

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M.D.,
82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
ALEX. ROBERTSON, M.D.,
1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N.Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is **Dr. Samuel Pitcher's** prescription for **Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups,** and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of **Mothers. Castoria** is the Children's **Panacea**—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of
's on the
wrapper.
We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N.Y.

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal
COMPLEXION POWDER.
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
feb 4 1y

The Southern Cultivator
DIXIE FARMER
The Great Farm, Industrial and Stock Journal of the South.
ONE YEAR FOR $1.
Sample copies and premium list will be mailed on application to
THE CULTIVATOR PUBLISHING CO
7dec 3w

FOR **MAN** AND **BEAST!**
Mexican Mustang Liniment
CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Pile.
Sores,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY
accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability. Everybody** needs such a medicine.
The **Lumberman** needs it in case of accident.
The **Housewife** needs it for general family use.
The **Cannier** needs it for his teams and his men.
The **Mechanic** needs it always on his work bench.
The **Miner** needs it in case of emergency.
The **Pioneer** needs it—can't get along without it.
The **Farmer** needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The **Steamboat man or the Boatman** needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The **Horse-fancier** needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The **Stock-grower** needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The **Railroad man** needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The **Backwoodsman** needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The **Merchant** needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

ROUNDEL.

My sweetest love, what time the night
Hushes the roaring of the street,
And Dian shows her silvery light—
My sweet!

I sit me down and take a sheet
Of paper, and I try to write
A dainty love song, trim and neat.

I try until the dawn is bright,
But still the verse is incomplete.
Love can't be told in black and white,
My sweet!

THE NEW WOMAN.

"Oh, it puts me out of patience!" said Miss Lambton-Hyatt, with a fretful movement of her shoulders. "I'm sorry," said I, "but you look very well when you"— "Oh, that is just it," she broke in angrily. "We are to be put off with a compliment, as if one cared for looks or"— "Or dresses," said I, glancing at the pretty gown which showed beneath the opera cloak. She winced. "One must dress somehow," said Miss Lambton-Hyatt coldly. "Oh, yes, somehow," said I cheerfully. She regarded me with scorn and a little doubt. "Of course, you think you have me in a corner. But I could explain it all," said she. "Yes?" I asked. "If I liked," she said, and looked indifferently out of the window. "What station is this?" she asked. "Oh, it's all right," I answered, and there was silence in the carriage for a space.

"I wish you would see it in the proper way," she began presently, turning on me abruptly. "I will endeavor to," said I politely. "'Pray explain." She frowned. "Well," said she, "you must surely see that the evolution of woman is continuing. She has developed a great deal." "Of what?" I asked. "Of nothing," she exclaimed impatiently. "Her position has developed, and she must have more freedom." "Freedom?" I asked inquiringly. "Yes, freedom to come and go, freedom to live her own life. What is the difference, pray, between man and woman?"

"Why"— said I.

"There are certain differences, certainly," said Miss Lambton-Hyatt, hesitating, "but not the great distinctions that are vulgarly supposed. A woman has a mind, she has her own thoughts, and she ought to pursue her own career like a man." "But marriage"—I began. "Pooh! Marriage!" said she contemptuously. "If she likes to marry, let her. So does a man, and it does not interfere with him." "Then a woman," said I, trying to understand, "should be as much like a man as may be?" Miss Lambton-Hyatt considered. "No," she said, "you put words into my mouth. I never said that." "Well?" I asked. "She ought to be as independent as a man," said she triumphantly. She looked her triumph at me, and my eyes wandered over her face, and to her hair and down again to the rich silk of her opera cloak.

"Why do you look at me like that?" asked Miss Lambton-Hyatt irritably. "I was thinking"— said I. "Oh, yes," she interrupted, "you were thinking that I am too weak or pretty or fragile to be independent. That's what men are always thinking. It's their stock argument. Argument!" She laughed and turned to me again. "I put in practice my theories," she said deliberately and watching me for the effect of the thunderbolt. I started. "What do you mean?" I asked hastily. She nodded. "I live my own life now," said she. "Whose life did you"— But there I broke off, for Miss Lambton-Hyatt's handsome eyes were glittering. "Oh," I said feebly, "that is interesting!" "Do you think," she said, "that I am tied to a man's coattail like other girls?" "No, indeed!" said I, shaking my head. "Do you think that I come and go at any one's behest?" "No, no," I said, shaking my head more firmly. "Do you think that I would obey—well, you, for instance?" "Good gracious, no!" I said in haste.

"Do you think"—

"Certainly not," I broke in hurriedly. "See how free I am," she went on warmly, and throwing back her cloak in her enthusiasm she waved her long, white arms significantly about the carriage. "Yes, indeed," I said, looking at the arms. "Here I am, at 11:30 at night, returning from a solitary expedition to the theater—all alone." "I am here," I put in bashfully. She looked at me and frowned. "Oh, that is an accident," she said, "I met you." "A fortunate accident," I murmured. "What?" said Miss Lambton-Hyatt sharply. "For me," I added humbly. "Well," she said, "is it not far better to be quite independent like this than to be forever hanging upon some one else for what you want, like an encumbrance?" "Ever so much better," I assented quickly.

The train rolled out of the station. Suddenly I leaped to my feet and thrust down the window. "Good heavens!" I cried.

"What's the matter?" said Miss Lambton-Hyatt anxiously.

I pulled in my head, shut the window slowly and sat down opposite to her. "That was our station," I said. She looked at me in distress. "You don't mean"— I nodded. "Unfortunately, yes."

She jumped up and pulled at the window frantically. "Please sit down," I said, "you can do no good now. The train can't possibly be stopped." She dropped into her seat, breathing hard. "What will happen?" she asked. "Why"— said I. "We shall have to get out at the next station?" she said, with a note of interrogation in her voice and some embarrassment in her manner.

"This train does not stop for 20 miles," I explained. "Oh!" she cried, blanching. "It is the last train," said I, "and there's no up train before tomorrow morning." "Oh!" she cried again and stared at me, frightened. "What shall we do?" she asked in low tones. I shrugged my shoulders. "It is a nuisance, isn't it?" said I calmly. "Nuisance!" she said. "How can you take it so coolly? Oh, it's awful! It's dreadful! I"— And she choked back a sob and gazed at me with a scared face. "We can't even let them know," I said.

"It's too late to telegraph." "Oh, Mr. Somerville," she cried brokenly, "what will they think?" "Perhaps they'll fancy you staid the night in town," I said soothingly. "Of course they're accustomed to your independent ways?" "How can you?" she cried. "How unkind of you, when I am so— They'll think I'm killed!" "Oh, no," said I cheerfully, "you mustn't think that!" "But it's so horrible," she exclaimed tearfully, "to be here, right away from every one!" "There's me," I said. "Yes, yes; I'm so glad you're here," she cried, staring restlessly about the carriage. "But—but—what must we do? Oh, do say something—do suggest something!" "We shall have to put up at a hotel," said I. "Hotel!" she exclaimed, looking at her dress and then at me. "But what will people think? What will"— "Well, it's the same for me," said I nonchalantly. "Oh, but it's different with you!" she broke forth. "How can you compare the two cases? You're a man, and"— "You're a woman," I finished for her.

She eyed me. "You are very unkind," she said tearfully. "You take advantage of me." "Indeed," I protested, "I will do exactly what you tell me. Only give me your instructions." She wrung her hands. "But I have none," she exclaimed. "I have no idea what to do. I"—

I sat looking at her. "You might have seen what station it was and told me," she said presently in a reproachful voice. "I beg your pardon," said I apologetically, "but I was listening to you. You were so interesting in what you were saying about the independence"— "Oh, please don't!" said she.

Her humiliation was so complete that I had not the heart to proceed, and I was silent.

The train slackened, settled down to an easier pace and crept decorously into the station. We landed upon a desolate stretch of platform and stood miserably watching the lights go out.

"Well, here we are," said I cheerfully as darkness slowly enveloped us. Miss Lambton-Hyatt burst into tears. "I entreated her, I coaxed her, I comforted her. If I remember, I took her hand in mine. She was a pitiful little figure, with her weeping face above the gay beauty of her gown. "Oh, what shall I do?" she moaned piteously. "Don't leave me," she wailed, and held me tight. "Stay," said I, "we will see what can be done."

I found the station master going to bed and conferred with him. Then I returned, and Miss Lambton-Hyatt clutched me. "Don't leave me again," she implored. "This darkness and loneliness are so horrible." "Oh, it's all right," I said. "There's a sort of milk train passing up in ten minutes or so." Her eyes opened and shone even in the darkness. "We will go up in it," I added reassuringly. "And we shall get back?" she cried eagerly. "By 1 or thereabouts," I answered. "That's not so very late," she remarked.

She sighed with relief and dropped my hand. There was a little pause, and then she turned to me. "Thank you very much, Mr. Somerville," said she.

We spoke little till the train came, but as the engine came puffing through Miss Lambton-Hyatt eyed it with favor, and then, "It's a bother getting to bed so late," she remarked quite coolly.

We made the journey in silence. I think we had both a good deal to reflect upon.

"You will think," said Miss Lambton-Hyatt as I conducted her to her home, "that I have betrayed my sex."

I protested.

"No," said she peremptorily, "it is idle to deny it. I know what you are thinking." "In that case, of course," said I. "But you are wrong," said she frankly, turning upon her doorstep. "I have a latchkey," she explained. "Of course," I assented. "No; you are wrong," she repeated, lifting her fine eyes and regarding the white stars in philosophic beatitude. "No doubt," I agreed. "You see," went on Miss Lambton-Hyatt, taking no heed of me, "our cases were quite different. You had no one to be anxious about you." "Not a soul," I said. "And then I was in evening dress, which is not suitable, and—and rather embarrassing when"— "Certainly," I said promptly. "The cases are quite different, and if I had been in evening dress, and, still more, if I had had some one to be anxious about me, I should"— "Yes, Mr. Somerville, just as much as I was," she said firmly. "Well, now," said I, "why not let us put the cases square?" "What do you mean?" she asked, looking puzzled. "Why," said I, "give me some one to be anxious about me." "You can't invent people like that," she replied, and turning her back on me put the key in the latch.

"Stop!" I called. "Don't turn that!" She faced me indignantly. "What right"— she exclaimed. I seized her hand—the one with the key. "Answer me," I said authoritatively. "Will you square the cases?"

A flood of color surged over her face. "Shouldn't I be increasing my own responsibilities very much?" she asked, with a little, low laugh. "Oh, I will take those!" I answered, pulling her closer.—H. B. Marriott-Watson in New Budget.

A Doctor's Uncollected Fee.

Several years ago I was under a Dr. Smithers of Galesburg, Ills. One day he was called to treat a patient who had been seized with a severe attack of colic. The patient was one of the richest business men in Galesburg, and was noted as being very penurious. Dr. Smithers found his patient hardly able to talk, but between his groans he managed to say to the physician, "Oh, doctor, I don't think you can do anything for me, but if you can save my life I will give you $500." Dr. Smithers smiled and started to administer relief. In a few minutes the patient remarked to the doctor that he did not think it was any use, but if he was cured he would owe him his life. Six months later Dr. Smithers sued him for a small fee of $8 for one visit.—Kansas City Journal.

A BALLAD OF A BORE.

Oh, have you heard o' the Mackenzie bodie,
The great wild bore of the north countree?
This is the tale o' the Mackenzie bodie
And how he came a-boring o' me.

He came from far Breadalbane to London.
In his pockets were manuscripts thirty and three.
He sent up his card. Said I: "Lo, I am undone!
What shall I do if he read them to me?"

He came at nine, and he talked till eleven.
Then he read me a novel till half past three.
"Excuse me," said I, "but we dine at seven"—
"I am much obliged for the honor," quoth he.

He finished the novel. He read a poem.
"I think Jones would publish this volume," quo' he.
"Maybe," said I, "but I do not know him,
And in the meantime I'll ring for tea."

He drank three cups, and he read three poems.
My brain it reeled, and mine eyes grew dim.
My soul it loathed the Mackenzie bodie.
I took the teapot and shied it at him.

I fled, and I know not what befell him.
I left him lying and saw him no more,
But I dodge up courts as I walk down Fleet street
And shun the buses I took before.

And at eve I tread my own staircase softly
And open the door in dread lest I see
There in the armchair the Mackenzie bodie
With another manuscript waiting for me.
—London Spectator.

"Thanks," Said the Boss Barber.

Did you ever notice that the regular patrons of a barber shop never tip the proprietor? Whether they feel that it would be an insult to his dignity to offer him gratuity, or whether it is the idea that as an employer of men he is making enough money, is a question yet to be decided. That it is not the first in the case of one proprietor at least was settled by an incident which I noticed the other day.

It is a big shop just off one of the leading thoroughfares, and that it is a money making institution is shown by the fact that it has eight barbers and a long line of customers. A youth from whose appearance it might be judged that he was a clerk on a salary of perhaps $10 a week arose from the proprietor's chair as I entered. He asked a few questions of the boss barber, which showed that he was a stranger in the place. Then he handed to him a quarter of a dollar, which the boss put in the money drawer, holding out a dime to the young man.

"That's all right," said the youth, with a wave of his hand.

"Thanks," said the proprietor, and turning quickly he put the dime not into the till, but into his pocket.

And all the other barbers threw glances of scorn at this employer and looked with contempt at the young man as he passed out of the door.—New York Herald.

THE STRANGER.

Althea Mearne and I were bosom friends, although she was an heiress, with the renowned Mearne diamonds to set off her bonny face, whereas my father was only curate in charge, and I had half a dozen sisters and brothers.

But Althea coaxed father to let me share her governesses and masters, and when Sir Edwin gave a grand ball to celebrate her eighteenth birthday she insisted upon my being present and managed, in her own graceful way, to give me a dress for the occasion.

She was standing beside Sir Edwin, receiving her guests—a vision of white lace and flashing diamonds. And, as they passed her, people whispered:

"Ah, she is wearing the diamonds, and they become her almost as well as they did poor Lady Mearne."

The men were all raving about her, but it was easy enough to see that Harry Brittain's fate was sealed from the first moment that he set eyes upon his old playmate in all the magnificence of her ballroom array.

Harry owned the adjoining estate, and it was an open secret that Sir Edwin was anxious for a match between his daughter and the young squire of Brittain's Rest.

He asked me to dance that he might have the pleasure of talking about her.

"Isn't she lovely, Gwen? There—look at her now, spinning round with that dark haired fellow—the best dancer in the room. No wonder she doesn't care much about me—I'm a clumsy dancer—oh!"

My aching feet bore witness to the fact, but I shook my head.

"You do very well, Harry. By the bye, who is Althea's partner?"

"Willard brought him," he said, landing me triumphantly by the side of my chaperon. "I say, Gwen, d'ye think she'd give me one now?"

I watched Althea shake her head and send him away looking so downcast that I felt out of patience with her and took a violent dislike to the dark haired stranger who stood smiling by her side.

It must have been an hour later that I found myself alone on the deserted terrace with my friend.

"Come, Gwenny," she said, "the world is at supper, but we have souls above ices and champagne. I have promised to show Mr. Wynne the lake by moonlight, and you must come with me."

Just then Mr. Wynne, the dark haired stranger, came up with a light wrap over his arm and looked oddly disconcerted at the vision of two white dresses instead of one. It was very awkward.

Gwen introduced me, still holding my arm, and we ran down the steps and plunged into the shrubbery walk that led to the lake. Althea shivered.

"This is too eerie!" she cried. "Gwen, shall we turn back?"

"No, no," Mr. Wynne murmured, bending over Althea. "Be merciful! I have looked forward to this all the evening and since you promised to show me the lake yourself."

"I heard a footstep!" she cried. "Some one else bent on seeing the lake perhaps. Let us walk and make up a party."

"Footsteps? Nonsense!" exclaimed Mr. Wynne, with an indescribable change in his voice. "You must be mistaken. Come on, I say; come on!"

We were nearly at the end of the path, and a gleam of moonlight fell full upon his face, all white and distorted from some overpowering anxiety.

"Althea!" I cried. "Take care! He"—

As I spoke a dark figure glided out of the bushes, and a rough hand was laid on my mouth.

"Stow that, miss! 'Tain't no good a-trying to screech. What! two on 'em, Jim? Which is the lucky bird?"

Mr. Wynne made some incoherent reply. He was restraining Althea with one hand and fumbling awkwardly over the clasp of the necklace that flashed in the moonlight. I could hear her stifled shrieks and see her determined resistance, and my heart died within me at the thought of what might happen if the villain's patience gave way.

And while the words were still on his lips some one tore his hands from her white throat and dealt him a crashing blow that stretched him, unconscious, at her feet.

It was Harry Brittain!

"Run, Althea! Run!" he cried.

My captor sprang forward with a growl of rage, but Harry was ready for him, and Althea and I clung to each other during the desperate struggle that ensued and screamed for help until the frightened guests flocked down from the terrace above.

They found two men stretched on the ground, one groaning, with a leg doubled beneath him, the other insensible.

And Harry was kneeling beside Althea, putting back the disheveled hair with an almost womanly touch and revealing the diamonds still sparkling on her neck.

* * * * * * *

The police were very ready to convince Mr. Willard that the pleasant acquaintance whom he had brought with him to the ball at Mearne Towers was none other than Herbert Symes, the noted burglar, and that the whole thing from beginning to end had been a carefully devised "plant." And Althea was equally ready to reconsider her opinion of Harry.

"He can't dance," she said, "and he can't make pretty speeches, but he has risked his life for me, and I love him, Gwen!"—Forget Me Not.

Railroad Wonders.

One never knows what to expect in railway possibilities. Imagine the transportation of 500 tons of hot molten iron every day on the Erie railway or on any other line. Yet every day great pots of it are transported from the Cleveland Rolling Mills company's central blast furnace, five miles away, to the Newburg mills, where it is utilized in manufacturing purposes.

Only 15 minutes from the instant of pouring to the instant of delivery, and eight trips are made daily with this dangerous freight. The hours chosen, however, for its transportation, we are assured, are when the tracks are clear and danger reduced to the minimum. What next?—Albany Journal.

The Happy Litigant.

Macbeth Simmons is never so happy as when he has got a lawsuit on hand. He is everlastingly suing somebody or being sued. Not long since he met his lawyer, who said:

"I've got bad news. The court of appeals has decided against us. We have lost the case."

"Never mind losing that case," replied Macbeth. "I've got two new ones since I saw you last, and my brother-in-law is talking about another."—Texas Siftings.

Checks Were Appropriate.

Mr. Muchmun—Let me see a piece of good cloth—something that has a look of richness about it.

Clerk—Yes, sir. How do you like these large checks?—Clothier and Furnisher.

Krushite a New Abrasive Material.

Krushite consists of minute chilled cast metal shot, varying in size from mere powder to clover seed size, which is chilled to intense hardness without becoming brittle, a fact proved by striking it on an anvil, when the latter will be indented. It is claimed to be superior to sand, emery or corundum for stone cutting, polishing, etc., the action between the blocks and saw blade or "rubber" being a crushing one, and the balls do not lose the spherical shape. The wear and tear on the rubber is considerably lessened and the power required reduced one-half. Krushite is especially adapted for sawing blocks of granite, for the sand blast and as a substitute for diamond drills in boring. One ton of krushite is equal to three tons of the sharpest sand.—Railway Review.

The Statesman's Wife.

"Pfwat," asked Mrs. Grogan severely, "kep' yez so late th' night?"

"Oi wuz down at Harrigan's barroom discoosin questions av the coinage. Interchangin oideas, Oi may say, Misthress Grogan, on free silver."

"And fwin yez got t'rough yez had the oideas and Harrigan had th' silver. It is a foine statesman ye are, Oi doin't think!"—Indianapolis Journal.

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST

Ninth Edition.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Not Condensed
Not Revised,
Not Mutilated.
—BUT—

The Great And Only

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Complete in 25 Volumes

The Encyclopædia Britannica is not only a complete compendium of all knowledge, but it is a dictionary of biography, a record of inventions, a history of discoveries, a calendar of dates, a registry of events, a glossary of technical and scientific terms, a collection of mathematical, chemical, and mechanical formulas, a handbook of law, a medical guide.

Best Atlas in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a thesaurus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties, which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

THE STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2.20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $5 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

The purchase of any Encyclopædia short of the best is not only bad judgment, but worse economy. The STAR will furnish you this, the greatest literary production of the century, at one-third the former price and on terms so accommodating that none need deny themselves the great advantage of owning this mine of information. Remember that the present is the only time we can call our own. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer at any time. It is made as a favor to the STAR'S readers, and for the purpose of increasing our circulation. You are invited to call and examine the books, or send us your address for further particulars. Out of town subscribers can order by mail, and the books will be sent prepaid.

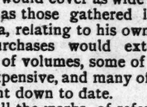
The Original Price of $8 Per Volume.

Heretofore this work could be obtained only at a great cost—from $125 to $200. It is now, for the first time, placed within reach of the masses. A saving of only 15 cents a day gives you this never-failing fountain of knowledge. Is it not worth such a slight effort to obtain it?

The Star Britannica Department,
9 and 11 Princess Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 3
CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 10
Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 3
ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 10
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN, Tuesday, July 30
ONEIDA, Tuesday, Aug. 6

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.
For freight or passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
jy 14 tf

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

29 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
may 28 tf Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.
INSURANCE.
Fire and Life.
Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company
jan 25 tf

Halt-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city our shop will close every Friday afternoon at Ten o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.
H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
South Front St.

Summer Resorts.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,
Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
my 23 1f

The Roanoke Red Sulphur Springs,
VIA. SALEM, VA.

High and dry, Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone Waters. Hay Fever, Asthma, Lung, Throat and Female Troubles relieved.

For terms, certificates of eminent physicians, of former guests, etc., write for descriptive pamphlet.

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Manager.
my 26 2m

Alleghany Springs, Va.

The greatest Dyspepsia water known. Endorsed by the State Medical Society, and awarded gold medal and diploma at World's Fair, Chicago. Most popular Summer resort in the mountains of Virginia. Elevation 1,700 feet. Beautiful lawn of 40 acres. Fine walks and drives, good livery. Band of Music. Terms moderate. Write for circular or pamphlet, containing testimonials from prominent physicians, and other parties of eminence. C. A. COLHOUN, Prop.
R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician.
June 2 tf

Cleveland Springs

With its Red, White and Blue Sulphur, Lithia, Chalybeate and freestone waters cannot be surpased for their medicinal virtues. The proprietor is determined that the hotel shall not be surpassed for efficient help in each department. The table is first class with an abundance of fresh milk and butter from our own dairy. For circulars and full information, address

J. B. WILKINSON, Proprietor,
June 25 tf Shelby, N. C.

Warren White Sulphur Springs,
VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. Established 1734.

TERMS.

Per week, one person.....$15.00
Per month, one person..... 40.00
Two persons in one room.... 70.00

Special rates to parties of three or more.

Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing.

DISTANCE FROM

Richmond & Danville R. R. 1 mile.
Norfolk & Western R. R....3 miles.
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.....4 miles.

Eight different waters, namely: White, Red and Blue Sulphur, Alum, Iron, Arsenic, Chalybeate and Lithia.
On top of the "Three Top Range" of the Masamitten chain of Mountains. Elevation 2,100 feet above the sea. No mosquitoes, gnats or malaria.
Address, C. W. CULLEN & SON,
je 9 3m Cullen P. O., Virginia.

THE GLADYS INN,
West Clifton Forge, Va.

One of the popular resorts of the Virginia Mountains. On line Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. Excellent Service, Music and Dancing. Good hunting and Fishing. Rates on application.
C. P. NAIR,
july 10 tf Manager.

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO
WILMINGTON N. C.
Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

The Times
(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $8.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $8.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.
Address all letters to THE TIMES.

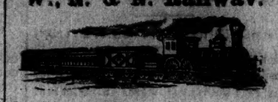
Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,
At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and
Excellent for Placing Underet Carpets.

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895

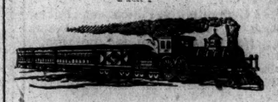
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
6	8		5	7
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv....Surry street...Ar	6 50	A M
10 43	3 47	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 43
11 28	4 30	Lv.. Mayesville.....Lv	3 38	10 09
11 43	4 33	Lv.. Pollocksville.....Lv	3 08	9 55
12 25	5 10	Ar.. Newbern Lv	2 20	9 20
	6 37	Ar— Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M		P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manage
J. W. MARTENDI,
Traffic Manager: June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 5, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 3.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.45 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkinson 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.18 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.05 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m, arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 8.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.00 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7.39 p m, Lucknow, 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7.00 a m; arrive Elliott 7.38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 7, 1895

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

September Wheat, Corn and Oats Dull and Lower—Pork Products Easier and Closed Lower in Sympathy With the Grain Markets.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 6.—Wheat jogged through to-day's session in an indifferent sort of a way, with prices about holding their own on the average, but closing weak at the lowest figures of the session. September wheat opened from 68¾ to 68¼c, declined to 68, rallied to 68⅝@68¾, again receding to and closing at 68 –⅝ to ¾c under yesterday, Cash wheat was fairly steady and brought about yesterday's prices.

September corn opened at 41c, declined to 40¾c and closed at 40⅝c—¾c under yesterday Cash corn sold at ½c decline, but closed steady.

Oats were again without life or vigor. Easier prices ruled, the principal consideration being the action of the grain markets. September oats closed ½@½c lower than yesterday. Cash oats were harder to sell. They were weak and ranged from unchanged to ½c lower in price.

Provisions were inclined to do better, except at the opening and close. During the intervening term quite a moderate degree of firmness prevailed. The situation showed improvement, "longs" having pretty well cleaned up their open trades, whilst the shorts, particularly the big ones, were disposed to cover up without exciting too much attention. The hog market was lower, the effect of which was perceptible at the start, whilst the final outcome in grain was responsible for the easier close in provisions. September pork closed 7½c. lower than yesterday, September lard 2½ to 5c. lower, and September ribs 5c. lower.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced three to four points, then reacted and closed quiet at a net advance of one to two points. Liverpool will re-open to-morrow. Houston received 42 bales to-day, all old, against 696 this day last year, all new. Total port receipts to day 207 bales, against 78 this day last week and 1,586 last year. The future sales here were 102,000 bales, showing less activity. Spot cotton here was steady and unchanged and the sales 630 bales for spinning. Southern spot markets were quiet, steady or firm, and unchanged. New Orleans advanced one to two points. The weather at the South was generally clear, though later on a severe rain and wind storm was reported in Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama. The rainfall was much smaller than on Saturday and Sunday, however. Rumors of rain in Texas were denied.

To-day's features: Continued drought in Texas made bears cautious, and on the other hand a disposition to await the Liverpool advices to-morrow and the Government weekly report, acted as a deterrent on operations for a rise, so that the transactions to-day were much smaller than those of yesterday. Still the tone of the market was firm. Continued dry weather in Texas and complaints of drought in some parts of South Carolina and Georgia, together with a good spot demand here, Wall street buying of futures, and the promising condition of the dry goods market, all combined to strengthen prices, even if they did not produce a marked advance.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Further Reports of Outrages on Missionaries in China—Horrible Details—Cruiser Cincinnati Dispatched to Key West to Search for Filibusters.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The State Department this afternoon received a dispatch from Consul-General Jernigan reporting further missionary outrages in China. The dispatch is as follows:

"Hixon (Consul) wires that the American mission property at Yungsuh is burned. Details of the Kucheng massacre are horrible. The houses were stealthily surrounded and sleeping ladies and children speared to death. The situation is unsettled."

The Navy Department has practically decided to recall the cruiser Atlanta from her present duty of watching for Cuban filibustering expeditions off the Florida coast and to substitute the cruiser Cincinnati in her place. It has been considered best however, not to make the change at present because the departure of the Cincinnati would interfere with the coming manœuvres of the North Atlantic squadron. The change will take place very soon, however, and the Atlanta will return to New York, where she will probably go into the drydock and then if sufficient time remain and there is no urgent need for her service elsewnere, she will take the Cincinnati's place with the squadron.

The Cincinnati left the Brooklyn navy yard yesterday to adjust her compasses at Sandy Hook. She returned to the lower bay to-day and will wait there for the New York. Both vessels are under orders to proceed to Newport, R. I., where the fleet will rendezvous.

Capt. H. B. Robeson has been detached from the Naval War College and ordered to duty as captain of the Portsmouth navy yard on September 3rd, relieving Capt. J. H. Sands, who is ordered to command the Atlanta, relieving Capt. B. Cromwell, who is detached, ordered home and granted one month's leave.

IOWA DEMOCRATS.

Delegates Gathering to the State Convention, Which Will Decide the Financial Policy of the Party.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MARSHALLTOWN, IA., August 6.—Not more than two hundred of the thousand delegates who will make up the Democratic State Convention here tomorrow are on the ground, but those here include most of the party leaders of all factions. It seems certain that the financial policy of the party can only be determined by an open and bitter fight in the Convention.

There are no indications of any contest over the nominations. Judge W. I. Babb, of Mount Pleasant, is the most considered man for the Governorship, and if he consents to the use of his name he will probably be nominated.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 6.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 27@27½c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 50@1 57½.

CHARLESTON, August 6.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½c; receipts 72 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 05@1 15; receipts 335 barrels.

SAVANNAH, August 6.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 25½c; sales 1,152 casks, closed firm at 25c bid, with no sales; receipts 1,650 casks; stock 27,817 against 54,935 last year. Rosin firm and unchanged, with sales of 365 barrels, and closed firm at 5c advance on all grades, with a strong demand; quotations: A B C $1 15, D $1 25, E $1 35, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 70, K $1 90, M $2 20 N $3 40, window glass $3 60, water white $3 80.

MISSOURI DEMOCRATS.

ASSEMBLED IN STATE CONVENTION.

Silver Dollar Bland Made Permanent Chairman—The Platform Adopted Declares for the Free Coinage of Silver at the Ratio of Sixteen to One.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PERTLE SPRINGS, Mo.—At 12.30 p. m. the Democratic State Convention was called to order by Vice-Chairman John H. Carroll. He stated the purpose of the Convention and introduced Hon. R. P. Bland as temporary chairman. Mr. Bland began on a speech which lasted but a few minutes. He stated that it was the desire of the kelegates that the State Commitee should be enlarged, and he hoped that this enlargement would be made in such a way as to leave no bitter feelings or disappointed hopes.

After the usual committees had been selected the Convention took a recess until 2 p. m.

The Committee on Resolutions sprung a surprise by electing as their chairman Congressman Dearmond, of Bates county, and they immediately began their labors.

The Committee on Permanent Organization has decided upon Hon. Mr. Bland for permanent chairman, and the temporary organization will be made permanent.

The Convention re-assembled at 2 o'clock and the temporary organization was made permanent.

The Resolution Committee's report was ready at 4.40 p. m., and was read and adopted. The preamble and resolutions are:

The Federal Constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States,

The first coinage bill passed by Congress under the Constitution made the silver dollar the unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio measured by the silver dollar unit.

From the beginning of the Government, following a policy formulated by Thomas Jefferson and firmly established by Jackson, the Democratic party has been the party of bimetallism, favoring the free coinage of both silver and gold at the National mints, and opposed to farming out to banking corporations the Government's sovereign power of issuing and controlling the money of the people.

The Act of 1873, demonetizing silver, was surreptitiously passed without the approval or knowledge of the American people, and from the time when the effect of this act, in fastening upon this country the single gold standard was understood, the Democratic party consistently and persistently urged that the grievous wrong be rightted.

Failure to accomplish this object has resulted in the steady appreciation of gold, a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people, a heavy increase in the burden of all debts, public and private, the enrichment of the money-lending class, paralysis of industry and impoverishment of the people and unexampled distress in all gold standard countries. Therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the Democratic party of Missouri, in convention assembled, demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into primary or redemption money, at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action or approval of any other nation.

Resolved, That we are irrevocably opposed to the substitution of the money of panic-breeding corporation-credit, currency based on a single metal, the supply of which is so limited that it can be cornered at any time by a few banking institutions in Europe and America.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by the law to the Government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and especially are we opposed to placing the Treasury of the Government under the control of any syndicate of bankers, and the issuance of bonds to be sold by them at an enormous profit for the purpose of supplying the Federal Treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

Additional resolutions were adopted instructing the State committee to call a Convention not later than April 15th, to elect delegates to the National Convention, also sending congratulations of the Missouri Silver Democratic Convention to Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky.

The resolutions were adopted amid enthusiastic applause and without a dissenting voice.

The delegates then named their candidates for additional members of the State committee, and they were unanimously elected.

The election of the committee at large is regarded as a victory for "Silver Dollar" Bland, and a severe blow to the Francis and Maffitt faction of the party. Allen and Farris are straight Bland men, Benton is a free lance, while Fyke is pledged to Gov. Stone.

The Convention sent telegrams of greeting to Democratic Conventions in Iowa, Texas and Mississippi, and took a recess until to-night. The work of the Convention was practically ended when the committeemen were elected, but it was the desire of the delegates that a night session be held in order that they might listen to a free silver speech from Senator Cockrell. Governor Stone was urged to make a speech, but declined on account of fatigue.

The most interesting part of the proceedings to-day was the fight over the platform in the meeting of the Committee on Resolutions. Several members were in favor of a resolution requesting the resignation of Chairman Maffit and other gold-bug members of the committee. Others argued in favor of a resolution providing for the election of the chairman of the committee by the State Convention. A few were desirous of adopting resolutions censuring the committee for its alleged antipathy towards the Convention, and some wanted resolutions endorsing Bland for President and Stone for U. S. Senator to succeed Senator Vest. The great fight, however, was made on a resolution introduced by Col. Nick Bell, of St. Louis, urging the President to use the full power of the General Government in obtaining an international agreement whereby both gold and silver may be freely coined and used as money in the trade of the world. The wrangle lasted nearly two hours, and at times some highly personal language was hurled back and forth. The conservative element finally succeeded in defeating each of the resolutions referred to, and only the resolutions which were adopted by the Convention were agreed to.

At the night's session the only feature of interest was the speech of Senator Cockrell. At its conclusion, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

There are many heartburnings among those who came here with Gubernatorial boomlets. The most prominent of them were State Treasurer Lon V. Stephens and Judge James Gibson, of Kansas City. The success of Bland destroyed their chances.

Bland dominated the gathering completely. He was temporary and permanent chairman, and in opening the Convention stated deliberately that the time had come for the silver men to assume control of the party machinery and run it with a view of accomplishing their ends. Bland's idea of reorganization is looked upon as bad politics, and it was a terrible slash at the old State Central Committee, which was the Maffitt–Francis administration machine.

The relations between the turned-down committeemen and their party colleagues are so strained that in the coming campaign, if conducted on a free silver basis, they will practically be without party alliances. Mr. Bland's fight was won after a bitter caucus with Senator Cockrell. Gov. Stone and other prominent leaders who conseled compromise. The delegates were with him and his programme was enthusiastically carried out. The Convention was noticeable for lack of speech making, considering the weighty nature of the business transacted. There were no fights on the floor of the Convention, and the reorganization of the Convention and the adoption of the platform were carried by a practically unanimous vote.

MIDDLE-WEIGHTS FIGHT.

Pat Raedy Knocked Out in Less Than a Minute by Billy McMillan.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 6.—One thousand persons paid three dollars each to witness a fight to-night between "Billy" McMillan and "Pat" Raedy, for the middle-weight championship of the District of Columbia. McMillan won in less than one minute from the call of time by a right hand blow on the jugular. The fight took place before the Eureka Athletic Club, which is stationed in Virginia, about two miles southwest of this city, and was for a purse of $550 and a side bet of $500. Both men weighed in at 153 pounds and five ounce gloves were used. The referee was "Al" Herford, of the Eureka Club, of Baltimore. Behind McMillan were Hite Peckham, George Northridge and "Bob" Kervell. Tony Stannard, Ned Donnelly and James Walker did the honors for Raedy. The fighters were in excellent condition, and a long contest was looked for, in view of the good records of both men. Raedy claimed the middle-weight championship of Northern Ohio and the Southern States, while McMillan had met a number of good ones.

SOUTHERN TRAFFIC LINES

Agree to Stop Cutting Rates—Will Maintain the Tariff of Last Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 6.—A meeting of representatives of Southern traffic lines and associations, embracing railways and steamships, was held this forenoon at the Hotel Waldorf, to consider the question of the cutting of rates between Northern ports and South Atlantic ports, which for some time has been quite heavy. There were present at the meeting Sam'l Spencer, president of the Southern Railway; H. Walters, president of the Atlantic Coast Line; Capt. Haves, receiver of the Central Railroad of Georgia; R. G. Erwin, vice president of the Plant system of steamship lines; General Freight Agent Whitney, of the Merchants & Miners Transportation Company, of Baltimore; Gen. Sorrel, manager of the Ocean Steamship Line, of Georgia; Traffic Manager Culp, of the Southern Railway, and the freight and passenger agents of the Pennsylvania line. The meeting was held with closed doors and lasted nearly two hours. At its conclusion the representatives were very reticent as to what they had done. It was stated, however, that they had all agreed to stop any further outgoing low rates and would maintain the standard rates of last year. They will sign an agreement to this effect, which will go into operation on the 10th inst.

THE TREASURY'S GOLD.

Officials Look for a Withdrawal of Two and a Half Millions This Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Treasury officials look for a withdrawal of about $2,500,000 of gold this week. They have unofficial advices to the effect that the large coffee importing houses will make such a demand. The situation, however, occasions no uneasiness in Washington official circles, nor in Wall street, as it is well understood that this withdrawal is in the course of legitimate business and not conducted by speculators.

Just what the syndicate will do is a question upon which the Treasury officials say they are not advised. If it sees fit to fill up the hole it will do so without consulting them. The gold reserve to-day stood at $104,589,079, but it is expected that by Saturday this will be reduced to one hundred and two millions. Some officials profess to look upon this as a critical week for gold, but it is believed that unless something now unforeseen intervenes imports of gold will soon begin and thus the surplus will be settled by the ordinary course of trade.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

New York—New York 9; Washington 0.

Boston—Boston 7; Brooklyn 8.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia 10; Baltimore 6.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati 8; Chicago 6.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 11; St. Louis 2.

Cleveland—Cleveland-Louisville game postponed—rain.

Evansville—Evansville 9; Nashville 4.

New Orleans—New Orleans 9; Atlanta 7.

Richmong—Richmond 13; Petersburg 4.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth 5; Lynchburg 6.

Norfolk—Norfolk 4; Roanoke 19.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Defender beat the Vigilant in the race at Newport yesterday.

It was estimated that there were 1,000 strangers in Jackson, Miss., last night, and that as many more will come in the morning to attend the Democratic State Convention.

In the United States Circuit Court at Richmond, Va., yesterday, Judge Goff handed down a brief in the South Carolina registration cases, dismissing complainant's bill for an injunction.

The Rocky Mountain Savings Bank, Denver, Col., made an assignment yesterday. It was mixed up somewhat with the lately defunct Union National, and the collapse was expected in financial circles.

Deputy Sheriff Alf Werner of Crittenden county, Arkansas, was shot and killed near Jones' Landing, on the Mississippi river, by a negro whom he was attempting to arrest. The negro escaped, but a posse is in pursuit of him.

E. F. B. Davis, President of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, was killed while riding in Central Park yesterday. It is supposed that his horse stumbled and fell on him. He was 55 years of age.

The British Government has instructed the British naval commander in Chinese waters to enforce, if necessary, Great Britain's demand for the protection of British subjects in China and the prompt punishment of all who are implicated in the recent massacres.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

POPULISTS AND REPUBLICANS SQUABBLING OVER THE SPOILS.

Railroad Commission in Session—Sudden Death—Deputy Collector Troy Stricken with Paralysis—Order of Sons of Dixie—A Trolly Accident—The War Against the State University.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 6.

There will be an election on the 18th of this month in this city by the Board of Directors of the Deaf and Dumb Institution for the positions of steward, carpenter and foreman of the broom manufacturing department.

The Railroad Commission was in session to-day with all commissioners present. No business of importance is before them.

Mr. L. W. Dent, a prominent farmer of this county near Wake Forest, died suddenly yesterday.

At the Convention recently had by educators for the deaf and dumb, it was found that there were five presidents of State institutions who hailed from Wake county.

Revenue Agent J. B. Clark, who was recently removed from Kentucky to Greensboro, where he succeeded Mr. Bouldin, is in the city to-day. He came down to get acquainted with the Raleigh force. Deputy Collector Troy, of Fayetteville, who has been unrelenting in his warfare against illicit stills, has been stricken with paralysis. Mr. Troy's stroke is not a severe one, and his friends hope to see him out soon.

Last night Oak City Lodge No. 9, of the Order of the Sons of Dixie, was organized by the election of officers. The work was communicated by H. A. Bromleigh, Deputy Supreme Lecturer. The Order starts off in this city with an enrollment of 15.

The stomach of Mrs. Kistler, of Salisbury, which was sent here to be examined for poison by Prof. Wethers, of the A. & M. College, has been examined. Prof. Wethers will not make known the result until Court convenes.

Yesterday the trolly wire of the street railway broke and fell to the ground in front of the Governor's mansion. Two dogs were having a fight near the scene of the break, and a large crowd of people gathered to see them electrocuted as the dogs neared the wire. It was a puzzled crowd that saw the dogs fight all over the wires without injury. The electric people learned of the break and had switched off the current. This is the first time the trolly has broken.

The Baptists are getting in readiness to continue their war against a continuance of appropriations to the University. The *Biblical Recorder* will take up the cry next week. The subject is being discussed at the Baptist Associations, which are now in full blast. Each Association will be forced to go on record.

It is said that certain Western Republicans are anything but pleased with the movements of certain Populists who sit "high up." The rumors about Guthrie and others are disgusting to them. It is also alleged that Senator Butler wants a Populist for Governor and will insist that the nominee be a Populist. This is for obvious reasons. They do not relish any move of Populists looking to a distribution of nominations among their own henchmen. There is also said to be a "fine frenzy rolling" in Dan Russell's eyes not altogether poetic. Certain Republicans about here say that when the division of the spoils takes place, if they are not recognized as they should be, there will be anything but silence in the atmosphere. They made Mr. Butler Senator, it is true, but Mr. Moody and his friends will not permit him to give to the Populists the gubernatorial plum.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

Collision of Trains on Haw River Bridge—Two Persons Injured—One Fatally.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 6.—A fireman's special train ran into a freight train at Haw river, telescoping two cars and resulting in serious injury to two persons named Durham, from Chapel Hill. Ed. Durham had both ankles broken aad his skull crushed. He will not live. No one on the special was injured. The cars of the special were on the bridge when the crash occurred. It is marvellous that they were not precipitated into the river below. A brakeman of the freight train is blamed.

By United Press.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 6.—A special train of thirty-six passenger cars, three flat cars and two box cars left Greensboro for Newbern to-day with 180 firemen from Greensboro and Winston, with apparatus and horses, on their way to the State's Firemen's Tournament. When the engine of the special was coming around a curve west of the high bridge at Haw river the engineer saw a freight train also headed east standing on the other side of the bridge, with the caboose quite near the bridge.

The engineer reversed his engine and jumped, as did also the fireman. The special engine crashed into the caboose and splintered it. A commercial traveller named Durham was in the caboose and was terribly mangled. He will probably die. One other occupant of the caboose was hurt. The special train's cars stopped on the lofty bridge. Several firemen were badly shaken up and bruised, but not badly hurt. The engine and train of the special continued the trip. It was remarkable that none of the special's cars were derailed.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 6.—Fine apples in better supply and less firm, though unchanged. Pears dull unless choice. Peaches of irregular quality and rather easy. Grapes plentiful and quiet. Watermelons continue in moderate receipt and firm for prime. Muskmelons mostly inferior and offered freely. Onions steady. Potatoes unchanged. Huckleberries quiet at 4 to 5c. Apples, crate, 25 to 50c. Pears—LeConte, barrel, $1 00 to 1 50; do Bartlett, crate, 50 to 75c. Grape—Georgia, basket, 10 to 15c; do South Carolina, pound, 7 to 9c; do case $1 00 to 1 25; do North Carolina, pound, 4 to 6c; do do basket, 12 to 18c. Peaches, carrier, 75c to $2.25, do basket, 30c to $1; do crate, 65 to 85c. Watermelons, per hundred, $6 to 20.00; do car load, $50 to 200. Muskmelons, 75c to $1 50; do basket, 40 to 75c; do carrier, 50c to $3 50; do crate, 75c to $1. Plums—Delaware, Japanese basket, 20 to 25c; do do quart, 4 to 5 cents. Onions—Virginia potato barrel, $1 25 to 1 50; do do do basket, 40 to 60c; Maryland and Delaware, barrel, $1 25 to 1 75. Potatoes—Rose $1 37 to 1 50; do sweets, barrel, $2 00 to 4 00; do do basket, $1 00 to 1 25.

Rev. R. Q. Way, one of the oldest Presbyterian ministers in the South, died at Savannah, Ga., yesterday.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Dray Horse wanted. A good, strong horse or mule wanted to work in a dray. Apply to Corbett & Gore. aug 7 1t

Men and Women to make big money with the Practical Plating Dynamo. Is the electrical machine used in the great plating factories. $65.00 to $85.00 a week made easy. Plates everything. No experience; big profits. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. aug 6 tf

For sale or will exchange for city property eight acres of land fronting on Middle Sound two and a half miles from Railroad Station, and two and a half miles from Wrightsville. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C. aug 6 3t

For Rent—The residence of Mrs. H. C. Daniel, 315 South Front street. Apply to Edward Daniel. aug 4 3t

5,000 volumes in Wilmington Library. One of many free privileges to Y. M. C. A. members, $5.00. Temporarily reduced. jy 28 1m

Mechanics' Home Association Stock. A small number of shares in the tenth series still left. Can be had if applied for this week to W. M. Cumming, Secretary and Treasurer. jy 31 2w

Pears, five barrels Nice Pears just received. Also Watermelons and Apples. Neill McKinnon, No. 13 South Water street. c21

For Rent—No. 308 South Front street, at present occupied by Mr. James Sprunt. F. A. Lord, Agent. july 18 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink. Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor.

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Certainly she need Shoes to complete her costume. It is a large want and to meet the case fully the Shoes should be selected from our stock. Our stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Oxfords contains all the latest styles. Our LOW PRICES will astonish you. Don't buy until you have seen our $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 Oxfords. If you will give us a call you will find that for latest styles and low prices we cap the climax.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
jy 28 tf

SATURDAYS

Special Sale Day.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Prices that will astonish everybody. aug 2 tf

Just to Remind You

THAT YOU CAN'T HELP BEING

CURED

If you will have your Prescription work done by

JAS. D. NUTT,
The Druggist.
Jy 28 tf

SACRIFICES

IN THE

Different Departments

—AT—

Katz & Polvogt,

116 MARKET ST.

Prior to Their

Removal

—TO—

No. 9 Front St.

JUST THINK!

You Can Buy a

Dollar's Worth of Goods

For 75 Cents.

MANY ITEMS MARKED AT

HALF VALUE.

THE STOCK MUST GO.

KATZ & POLVOGT.
july 28 tf

MERCER & EVANS

Are in a position to sell

GOOD SHOES

EXTREMELY CHEAP,

And They Are Doing That Very Thing.

Call and see them at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, where Mercer & Gaylord for the past six months have made such a loud noise about LOWEST PRICES.

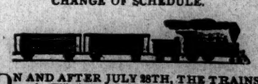
We will be glad to have a call from you all.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,
jy 16 tf 115 Princess St.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER JULY 28TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5.00 and 7.15 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.

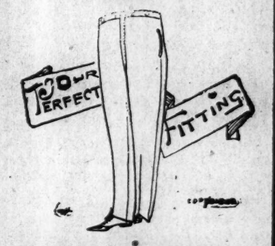
Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 6.30 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT,
aug 3 tf Acting Superintendent.

UN-ZA-RE PRI-SA-ZINO BILL IC MADE.

FROM

ARE



$3.00 PANTS.

We guarantee a fit in all Clothing made to order, and we are now ready to solicit Fall orders for Suits from $12.50 up. Call and see sample. All Wool Sweaters from $1.50 to $2.50. Bath Suits $1.00. Bicycle Racing Suits $1.00. Sporting goods a specialty.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St,
July 13 tf

Statement

OF THE

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of business, July 11th, 1895.
Condensed Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$400,047 63
Overdrafts		258 39
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds		31,250 00
Banking House and Fixtures		13,500 00
Redemption Fund		1,406 00
Due from other Banks	$187,046 96	
Cash on hand	70,714 08	257,761 04
Total		$704,223 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$125,000 00
Surplus	$35,000 00	
Undivided profits	5,113 36	40,113 36
Circulation		28,120 00
Deposits		510,989 70
Total		$704,223 06

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers,
M. J. Heyer,
J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C.,
G. A. Norwood, Greenvile, S. C.

New York correspondents, Chemical National and Hanover National Banks. aug 3 tf

Do Rich Men Get Their Pile of Money

by magic? Usually not. The rise from small means to large wealth involves nearly always a period of self-denial, rigid economy and constant saving—hard at first, but well worth the effort, considering results. Learn to save part of each week's earnings and accumulation is steady and sure. Opportunities come to all when capital—often not more than $1,000, is necessary to success. "It's easy to make money if you have money."

This is what Savings Banks are made for.

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.
aug 3 tf

MINERAL WATERS

ON DRAUGHT,

And by the Bottle or Gallon.

Harriss Lithia Water.

Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Poland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.

Bottled Waters.

Villacabras—Saratoga, Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Apollinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Hunyadi Matjas.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda; Hathorn and others.

On Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy
jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

What's the Matter With the Sterling?

"SHE'S ALL RIGHT," FIRST IN ONE-quarter mile 36 seconds race; first in one-half mile 1.08; first in three-quarter mile race at Ocean View races yesterday evening. Buy one and be satisfied. It will always carry you to VICTORY. Fastest on earth, built like a watch and never needs repairs.

M. P. TAYLOR, JR., Agent,
20 North Front street.

Tribune, Stormer, Lovell, Diamond, Dianas. First class repair shop. Wheels for rent. jy 27 tf

Schools and Colleges.

129 and 194 W. Franklin St., BALTIMORE, MD.

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

for Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, September 19th, 33d year.

MRS. H. P. LEFEVRE,
jy 20 2m* su we Principal.

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. ROLAND PARK, near Baltimore, Md.
jy 21 2m* su we fri

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

57th Year. State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough Courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred, in course: Grad: V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in *Post Grad.* courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of $36 50 per month, as an *average* for the four years, *exclusive of outfit.*

GEN. SCOTT SHIP, Superintendent.
july 14 19t su we fr

Episcopal High School,

Near Alexandria, Virginia.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.
THE FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR
OF THIS WELL-KNOWN SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Opens September 25th, 1895.
Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.
jy 28 2m su & we

SALEM FEMALE ACADEMY.

The 94th Annual Session begins September 5th, 1895. Register for last year shows more than 500 persons under instruction during the year. Special features:—the development of Health, Character and Intellect. Buildings thoroughly remodelled. Fully equipped Preparatory, Collegiate and Post Graduate Departments, besides first-class schools in Music, Art, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies.

J. H. CLEWELL, Principal, Salem, N. C.
july 30 1w*

NORTH CAROLINA College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The next session of this College will begin September 5th. Examinations at county seats first Saturday in August. Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to

A. Q HOLLADAY, Pres.,
july 11 tf Raleigh, N. C.

RAVENSCROFT SCHOOL, ASHEVILLE.

PREPARATORY AND HIGH SCHOOL FOR Boys. Climate unsurpassed. Thorough instruction in all departments. Students prepared for entrance to or advanced standing in College or University. References—The Bishop of N. C., ex-Mayor T. W. Patton of Asheville, etc. For further information, testimonials, announcements for next session, etc., address T. H. T. WIGHT, Asheville, N. C.
jy 24 1m

PEACE Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Send for illustrated catalogue to

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
je 22 3m

St. Mary's School

For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.

Address the Rector,

Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.
july 6 2m

Oak Ridge Institue.

"Stands in the forefront of Southern Fitting Schools:" Prepares for College, for Business, for Life; 340 Students and 53 Graduates in all departments last year; nearly $40,000 in buildings and equipments; Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; nearly 1,000 feet above the sea level; in full view of the Blue Ridge; "Maximum of advantage with minimum of cost," our motto: Write for Catalogue.

J. A. & M. H. HOLT,
jy 14 tf Oak Ridge, N. C.

Women Watch for the

Items that suit you best and prices that you think are cheap. This is our moving price and means all cash.

Check homespun 32 inches wide 3½c a yard; Check homespun, 32 inches wide at 4½ and 5c; heavy white homespun ⅞ yards at 4c; Rockingham AA, 1 yard wide 4½c; Rockingham A, the heaviest homespun, at 5c; Bleaching, 1 yard, 4½c, better at 5 and 6c. Andrascroggin bleaching at 7c, one yard wide.

Fruit of the Loom, one yard wide, 8c. fine line of heavy dress Ginghams at 5c. Apron checks, all colors, at 5c; with borders, fine goods, 42 inches wide, at 8c. White Lawn at 4 to 18c. 41-inches wide fine white and black, nicely embroidered Shirt Flouncing at 25c, regular price 69c. White Skirt Lace 42-inches, beautiful goods, 29c, worth 60c. Decorated muslin, worth 10 and 12½c, now going at 8c. Crinkle Crepon in Cream, with blue-black finish, stripe through it, long goods, at 6½c, worth 10c. White Marseilles, beautiful goods, worth 35c, our price 18c. Shirt Waists—Silk finish, Cream, Blue, Black, Red, and Figured, 18 inches wide, at 25c per yard. Dress Lining and Stiffening of all kinds. Spool cotton basting thread at 1c a spool; Dragon at 2c; Coats' thread, all colors and numbers, at 4c a spool. In Hosiery we have children's black hose, Nos. 4½, 5, 6 and 7, for 5c a pair; larger sizes at 10c a pair. This is a special price. Ladies' long leg, London shape Hose, seamless, at 10c a pair, or 3 pair for 25c.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLOR